

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

ESTABLISHED 1833.

SATURDAY EVENING, MAY 15, 1886.

PRICE THREE CENTS

DEATH!

Dealt Out by a Terrific Storm.

The Fort Wayne Express Encounters a Tree and Fifteen Passengers are Hurt.

A Dying Boy Rescued From a Tree—Four People Killed—Storm News.

A BAD NIGHT.

The Storm and its Ravages About Fort Wayne Last Night.

About 6 o'clock a light rain began falling here. After some hesitation it fell in sheets, and throughout the night continued a blinding rain storm, accompanied by thunder and lightning. The elements were not severe here, but just about as much havoc was wreaked. Telegraph wires were prostrated, trains delayed and many casualties reported. At Dunkirk the hurricane was fierce. Three frame and two brick houses were blown down, the water tank was pitched into the river, Mrs. Lease was instantly killed by the flying debris, and Wm. McElroy was crushed to death by his own house falling on him. Telephone messages come here for medical assistance, but there was no means of getting to the scene of disaster, as railroad travel was not only perilous, but well nigh impossible. Drs. W. H. and H. S. Meyers were summoned at 11:30, but could not respond. Many persons were injured and were then suffering untold agony.

THE PITTSBURG FAST LINE WRECKED.

The Pittsburgh fast express, that left Fort Wayne at 8 o'clock last night ran into a pile of trees that were blown across the track two miles this side of Forest, Ohio. The train was running at lightning speed and crashed right through the obstruction, which shattered every window on one side of the train and injured severely fifteen passengers. One man, whose name is unknown, was struck in the face by a pane of glass and his right eye was cut from its socket as by a surgeon.

Engineer Newell, of Douglas avenue, was on the Pittsburgh engine and his face was scratched and cut by the limbs of the prostrate tree.

The name of the man who lost an eye and was hurt in the wreck on the Pittsburgh and Fort Wayne road, is C. C. Bow, an attorney from Canton, Ohio.

Passenger train No. 42, of the Wabash, was delayed 4 hours this morning on account of high water near Attica. No wreck.

All telegraph service out of this city was repaired by noon.

There was a wreck or washout on the Richmond road at Decatur this morning, but the extent of the damage was not ascertained.

The Pan Handle bridge, on the line of the Muncie road, at New Castle, is expected to be swept away momentarily, and passengers are transferred on boats. The Muncie and Lake Shore roads both suffer from washouts.

AT NASHVILLE, ILL.

NASHVILLE, Ill., May 15.—A terrific storm visited this place yesterday noon, doing considerable damage and causing the instant death of Sid Moore and son, who were struck by lightning as they were standing at the door of their home. The house took fire and was entirely consumed.

AT DAYTON, OHIO.

DAYTON, O., May 15.—The latest intelligence from throughout this county and the western section of Greene county only adds to the stories of destruction wrought by the tornado of Wednesday night. No place in this county has yet been heard from where property was not damaged to a great extent, but it is now established that no lives were lost in this section, although a great many persons in almost every locality were injured.

CHICAGO, May 15.—A special dispatch from Xenia, O., says that the funerals of the victims of Wednesday night's flood yesterday were attended by people from the country for miles around. The four hearses in the city and an undertaker's wagon were brought into use. The Morris family, seven in number, were buried by the Odd Fellows. The Powell family, six in number, were buried from the mayor's office, from which place the other funerals, with a few exceptions, took place.

The spectacle of five hearses in one

funeral procession was a strange sight for our citizens. The search for bodies still continues, and three are known to be missing. A farmer found a boy lodged a few miles from here in a tree yesterday, with a broken wrist and leg. Here he had been since the flood, unable to move, and when recovered was so prostrated that he died in a few hours. Provisions and clothing are coming in sufficient quantities and all the destitute are lodged in the skating rink where the committee is doing good work.

THE CYCLONE AT FOREST.

FOREST, Ohio, May 15.—Last night at midnight a cyclone crossed the track of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago railway two miles west of Forest. It blew down a tree, which scraped the side of the fast express east, injuring ten or twelve passengers, one of them seriously, his leg being broken and one eye put out.

The storm did great damage along the Blanchard river.

At Dunkirk, Ohio, William McElroy, a farmer, his two children and Mrs. Lease were killed in a house, which blew down, they being buried in the ruins.

Shortly after 12 o'clock the storm struck the town of Dunkirk, Hardin county. Dunkirk has a population of about 1,500 and was badly wrecked.

AT TOPEKA.

TOPEKA, Kas., May 15.—A destructive cyclone struck the northern part of this county yesterday and swept away a portion of the town of Meriden. About 10 o'clock in the morning a very black cloud came up suddenly from the southeast and sweeping through the eastern portion of the township, did its fearful work in almost a moment. Eighteen or twenty people were more or less badly injured.

STORM AT ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, May 15.—About 6 o'clock last night the heaviest rain and wind storm of the year, and perhaps the heaviest rainfall that has occurred here for years, passed over the city. The rain was almost a deluge, and all the streets in the city were running streams.

AT WABASH.

WABASH, Ind., May 15.—The most violent wind and rain storm known here for years visited this section last night, blowing down trees and damaging the growing wheat. Railroad trains are delayed on the Cincinnati, Wabash and Michigan and also on the Wabash road. The water rendered the tracks unsafe for rapid running.

MORE WATER AT LAFAYETTE.

LAFAYETTE, May 15.—About 5 o'clock last evening a storm burst with an immense volume of rain, accompanied by lightning and a heavy wind. The latter injured and destroyed many shade and fruit trees. The rain continued for several hours and flooded everything.

Pearl river, the outlet for water from the eastern part of the city, was inadequate, and a volume of water swept down North, Ferry and Tenth streets. The new improvements just completed on Ferry street were swept away. Linwood and the northeastern part of the city are a mammoth lake, with houses rising out of the water here and there. The Wabash is still rising rapidly and will cover Brown street levee.

HOUSES DEMOLISHED.

COLFAX, Ind., May 15.—A cyclone struck this place about 6:15 last evening completely demolishing the residences of W. D. Clark, sr., Isaac Dukes, James Leslie and Jasper Hill, and badly wrecking those of J. E. Milburn and G. W. Allison, and a house belonging to J. L. Reckard and occupied by John Thompson. Quite a number of barns and other buildings were blown away, but no person was seriously injured.

Attica, Ind., has appealed for aid.

FRED DECKER, better known as the "Ossian Giant," died at his home at Swains, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, recently, at the age of 50 years. During his earlier life he was seven feet two and a half inches in height and weighed 325 pounds. As he grew older he became round-shouldered, and at the time of his death he was but six feet eleven inches high.

A WISCONSIN lumberman was caught by a rolling log the other day and held so fast that he was unable to get away. He yelled in vain for help. While lying there a big bear came up to him. He drew his revolver and fired six shots, killing the bear, and these shots were heard by a lumberman, who went to see what was going on, and released the prisoner.

A LOCK HAVEN blacksmith named Bush the other day performed the rare feat of knocking himself down. He and a helper, the latter using a sledgehammer, were welding a piece of iron, when, by a miscalculation, he struck the helper's hammer, which flew up and hit him in the face, knocking him senseless. He recovered consciousness in two hours, but his beauty is spoiled.

A Triple Anniversary.

Monday, May 3; will be a memorable day in this neighborhood, it being the birthday of Mrs. Sarah A. Gorrell, Mr. Christopher Zeisand, a grandson of the latter, and Master Joseph T. Miller, aged respectively sixty-three, sixty-eight and fifteen years. Their friends met at the residence of Mrs. Gorrell to celebrate the event. There were just sixty-three persons in the party—one for each year of the hostess' age—and upon their arrival they presented the venerable lady with a number of substantial tokens of the esteem in which she is held. After a hearty supper the young people went to the residence of Mr. Miller and passed the evening in games, while the older people remained at Mrs. Gorrell's and had a very pleasant evening. The following were present:

Mr. Christopher Zeis, Mr. Wm. Zeis, wife and child, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Zeis, Mr. Rufus Zeis, wife and children, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Holt, Mrs. Ruth Perkins, Mr. Charles Zeis, Mr. and Mrs. C. Miller and children, Mr. and Mrs. U. F. Gorrell and children, Mr. and Mrs. Eli Rupert and children, Mr. and Mrs. Michael Chorpensing, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Perkins and child, Mr. and Mrs. Clinton Swartz, Mr. and Mrs. James Kees and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Feigley and his mother, Mrs. Matilda Feigley, Mr. and Mrs. James Johnson, Mr. Joseph F. Miller, Mr. Wesley Zeis, Miss Maggie Johnston, Messrs. Ellsworth and Geo. Johnson, Miss Hattie and Mr. Harry Cummings, Misses Nellie and Lillie Ashton, Messrs. George and Joseph Ashton, Mr. Ed. DeVoll, Mr. Major Ager, Messrs. Samuel and John Kees, Miss Tillie M. Perkins, Mrs. Sarah A. Gorrell and Mr. John Gorrell, Messrs. Cyrus and Elmer Gorrell, Miss Mattie M. Gorrell and Mr. Lloyd, of Hicksville, Ohio.

BLACK CREEK CHURCH, Ind. May 14.

A Remarkable Case.

Yesterday afternoon our reporter had an interview with one of Dr. Blade's patients, a young man about twenty-eight years of age. His name is Solomon Rothgeb, who lives near Gaar Creek. His sight began to fail without any apparent cause and gradually became so wholly blind that he was unable to distinguish the difference in objects large or small, or to recognize anything near or far. Finally he was placed in the hospital, and some of the best oculists who had him in treatment pronounced the recovery of his eyesight impossible. On the 15th of November last he consulted Dr. Blade, of this city, who gave the case immediately a very critical examination and found that it was a mechanical disease, palsy in the nerves, and also suspected some poisonous insolation penetrated in the different coats of the eyes, which produced opacity. Notwithstanding, he took him for ten or fifteen days on probation to ascertain the real cause, and if successful to eradicate the poisonous action and bring relief to the nervous blood that rotation was impossible, and refraction of the rays of light was the result. But the doctor succeeded in his daily effort and attention to bring the sight of this young man in such a happy condition that now he can see at any distance and read tolerably well without strain or fatigue, and no doubt remains between the doctor and his patient that in a very short time he will have better and stronger eyes than he ever had before, and we can safely say Dr. Blade is a very skilled and successful eye and ear surgeon, as his record shows many astonishing cures performed. We notice in particular one case among the many on file in most valuable papers in this and other states. One in the South Bend Register of November 16th, 1883, reads as follows:

LIVING EVIDENCE OF SKILL.

The attention of the Register has been attracted recently to two remarkable cures performed by the well known oculist, Dr. P. Blade, of this city, and they are of such a conspicuous character that not to notice them would be remissness of duty in a public journal. The first to which we refer is an actual restoration of sight to an eye apparently destroyed by violence. A young Swede by the name of Johnson, employed at the Oliver Chilled Plow works, was struck in the eye by a piece of steel, and two physicians who examined the injured member were of the opinion that it would have to be removed. The sight was destroyed and the eye so mutilated that no other course seemed possible.

The young man, however, consulted Dr. Blade, who undertook to save the eye, and with such success that its appearance is restored and the sight is gradually returning.

The other case, while not of the same character, is no less remarkable. Mrs. Phillip Boone, of West Market street, is a lady well known to many people in the county. She was suffering greatly from fistula lachrymal of the right eye. There was considerable suppuration, discharging for months. Aside from the pain she suffered, she was told, before going to Dr. Blade, by other physicians, that she would have to have tubes inserted in the tear ducts. Dr. Blade took the case and treated it with such success that she was cured without having to use tubes. It took some time and the most delicate surgical treatment. But as two years have elapsed and there has been no return of the trouble, the case is a genuine one.

Such evidences as these of Dr. Blade's treatment of diseases and injuries to the eye speak for themselves. The persons mentioned are living witnesses, and gladly testify to the great results he has accomplished in their cases.

BLOOD!

Will Alone Solve Home Rule.

Its Opponents are Arming and Organizing for a Most Desperate Resistance Everywhere.

A Meeting is Mobbed, But Defeat Stares Grand Old Gladstone for a Time Only.

GREAT STRIFE.

England and Ireland Aroused on Home Rule.

LONDON, May 15.—During a meeting of the Patriotic union, at Southwark, last evening, the speakers' platform was stormed by a mob and a free fight ensued, in the course of which one man was stabbed.

At a meeting of the Belfast anti-rebels yesterday, arrangements were made to hold a convention of loyalists in the near future. Letters from England were read, offering armed resistance.

Mr. Gladstone has received from the mayors of several American cities cable dispatches containing resolutions of approval of his Irish policy adopted at meetings in their respective cities.

The Daily News says: "The importance of Lord Hartington's meeting yesterday lies in the evidence that all of Mr. Gladstone's liberal opponents are united. It is hopeless to try to conciliate Mr. Chamberlain. It simply remains to persevere with the second reading of the home rule bill with the almost certain prospect of defeat. The withdrawal of the bill would be practically worse than defeat. The country will either sanction home rule or we shall endure a period of tory government, during which the liberal seceders will become reconciled to home rule, which will be sanctioned on the next appeal to the country. The connection of Mr. Chamberlain and Lord Hartington destroys the chance of a whig-conservative coalition. Everything points to a dissolution of parliament early in the coming summer."

The Standard says that Lord Hartington and Mr. Chamberlain have agreed upon a course of action to secure the defeat of the home rule bill and also upon their future policy. The Orangemen of Australia have sent a cable dispatch to the loyalists of Ireland promising to aid them in their endeavors to prevent the adoption of Mr. Gladstone's home rule scheme.

Bartley Campbell.

NEW YORK, N. Y., May 15.—The physicians will hold a consultation tomorrow on the case of Bartley Campbell, who is now confined in Bellevue Hospital. If he is declared insane he will probably be removed to the Bloomingdale asylum. He exhibits the utmost good nature, and expresses no desire to be set at liberty. He said yesterday: "People say I am crazy, but I have the finest intellect of them all." He talks considerably of his future plans, says he has a number of troupes on the road, and will make lots of money this season.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—The following nominations have been confirmed by the senate: Postmasters, H. M. Cook, Michigan City, Ind.; H. Freygang, Angola, Ind.; S. L. Major, Shelbyville, Ind.; J. M. Jones, Cambridge City, Ind.; C. A. Thibault, Vevay, Ind.

Henry F. Severius, United States judge for the western district of Michigan.

The house has passed a bill establishing a sub-treasury at Louisville.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—On motion of Mr. Perkins, of Kansas, a bill was passed in the house authorizing the Kansas & Arkansas Valley railroad company to construct a railway through the Indian Territory.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, May 15.—Wheat, @40 lower, and fairly active. No. 2 red, June, 88½@89½. Corn, higher; Western 38½@48c. Oats, unchanged and quiet; Western at 38½@45c.

CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, May 15.—Wheat, steady, June, 76½, July 77. Corn, strong and higher, June, 37½, July, 37½. Oats, steady, June 28½.

HOME TALENT.

Fort Wayne Crooks Plead Guilty.

The prisoners were arraigned in the federal court at Indianapolis yesterday morning, and pleas of guilty were entered by the following for the offenses indicated: Samuel Ward, Fort Wayne, counterfeiting; John Hentz, Decatur, opening letters; James Barnes, impersonating a pension officer; George W. Philipson, Fort Wayne, counterfeiting; Joseph McDermott, Fort Wayne, stealing letters from a postoffice. Hentz was fined \$10 at costs, but the others were not sentenced. They will get a year or two each.

NEWS AND POLITICS

Picked up Around Fort Wayne About People We Know.

Nathaniel S. Bates, the Wayne county wife murderer, has been sentenced to be hanged on Thursday, August 26.

The gambling houses of Jeffersonville are said to be thriving, the greater part of their patronage coming from Louisville.

George Miller, a colored boy at Jeffersonville, had a leg broken in two places by a piece of coal thrown by a playmate.

An infant of John Pfeiffer, of Terre Haute, was smothered to death by its father, who, in a restless sleep, threw his arm across the child's face.

On the 20th the conductors will give a picnic at Lake Maxinkuckee. The Vandavia will send twenty coaches to Logansport to accommodate the large number that desire to attend.

While Willie Killan, of Rockport, was handling a toy cannon, it was accidentally discharged, the ball taking effect in the forehead of his little brother, Pius, just above the right eye. It is thought not to be a serious wound.

Grasshoppers have appeared in Adams county in great quantities. They are very small yet, but are doing vast damage to the young clover. The oldest settlers here say they never saw the grasshopper in such quantities at this season of the year.

Captain W. R. Myers, who some time ago announced himself as a candidate for the democratic nomination for congress in the Indianapolis district, has decided not to allow his name to go before the convention for reasons that are purely personal.

The Baltimore and Ohio telegraph company yesterday completed the extension of its telegraph line to Lafayette. The business men of Lafayette have given the line warm welcome, both on account of the excellent line constructed and a reduction of telegraph rates averaging 30 to 60 per cent.

Governor Gray says that as there are grounds for the belief that Attorney-General Ford will soon recover his mental vigor, no steps will be taken to vacate his office, as his son, W. B. Ford, is the deputy, and is authorized, as well as qualified, to perform its duties. The governor doubts whether there is any authority by law to declare the office vacant under the circumstances.

A reunion of the alumni of the Indiana deaf and dumb institute will be held at Indianapolis August, and the attendance of 300 graduates is anticipated. At the same time the alumni expects to entertain the eastern teachers on their way to the California convention, so that the reunion will probably be held during the first week of the month named.

LOCAL LINES.

Col. C. A. Zollinger is in the city.

W. D. Gordon was in the city last night from Pittsburgh. He spent a few hours with his parents and left for Chicago.

The manhole in front of Goodwin's dry goods store became stopped up last night and the water flooded Mr. Goodwin's cellar.

All the Catholic societies of the city will attend the corner stone laying of St. Paul's new Catholic church tomorrow afternoon. The public is invited to witness the ceremonies.

Charlie Carnahan, of Lafayette, ex-conductor of the Wabash, is just recovering from a severe attack of rheumatism, which has confined him to his room for nearly a year past.

The uniformed members of Catholic Knights will meet at Library hall Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock prompt, to participate in the ceremonies of the corner stone laying of the new St. Paul's Catholic church.

These deaths occurred this week: Clara Bierbaum, aged 5 years, scarlet fever; Fred Figel, 42 years, paralysis; Samuel Thompson, 23 years, consumption; John Larwill, 14 years, consumption; M. F. Zahn, 4 years, spasms; Michael Kenneally, 64 years, paralysis; J. Crooks, 61 years, exhaustion and Eugene Trout, 63 years, consumption.

At the request of a number of judges and lawyers of the state, made to him as late president of the state bar association, Mr. A. W. Hendricks has called a meeting of lawyers practicing in the supreme court, to be held in the supreme court room at Indianapolis, on Tuesday, the 25th inst., at 2 o'clock p. m. The purpose of the meeting is to devise the best plan practicable for relieving the supreme court of its constantly accumulating business.

LABOR!

How the Labor Strife Progresses.

The Old Firemen are to be Reinstated On the Missouri Pacific Railroad.

Forepaugh's Circus Trains Crash Together, and Inflict Great Damage to the Show.

KNIGHTS OF LABOR.

The Work of the Strikers Today.

ST. LOUIS, May 15.—The grievance committee of locomotive firemen called, with Chief F. P. Sargent, yesterday upon Superintendent Kerrigan, of the Missouri Pacific railroad. The latter accepted the recommendations of the grievance committee and has agreed to reinstate the firemen discharged during the late Knights of Labor strike.

ST. LOUIS, May 15.—The 250 employees of the N. K. Fairbank & Co.'s lard and soap factory in this city, a branch of the Chicago establishment, have returned to work at old rates.

ILLEGAL STRIKE.

PITTSBURGH, May 15.—At a meeting of the district executive board of the Knights of Labor last night, the bakers strike was declared illegal and the men ordered to return to work. The employers have consented to the twelve hour arrangement, but reserve the right to say whether the men shall work during the day or night.

A BAD WRECK.

Two Sections of a Circus Train Crash Together.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., May 15.—Shortly after midnight at Port Dickerson, on the Syracuse and Binghamton division of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western road, two sections of the train with Forepaugh's circus on board, met with an accident which resulted in the serious injury of seven men and the destruction of circus property. The first section while going up a grade broke in two and the detached portion ran down and collided with the second section, ditching it.

The school enumeration at Evansville, just completed, shows 17,505 persons between the ages of six and twenty-one years, of whom 1,519 are colored.

LOUIS HAHN, of Pittsburgh, is well known there as "The Little Chief." Whenever there is an alarm of fire, the boy, clad in the garb of a fireman, is always seen dashing to the burning building. He is almost a monomaniac on matters pertaining to the fire department, and knows more about the department than most of the firemen. He can do what every member of the department confesses himself unable to do, and that is, to be given the number of a box, and then tell its exact location and what engines will respond to the alarm from it. Time and again, when in an engine-house, this test has been made, and young Hahn could never be deceived. He keeps posted on every new box. In his room he has fixed up several wires and gongs, and often enjoys himself in practicing on them. So far has his fire department proclivities gone that it is his great desire to have a wire run to his house and a gong placed therein, that he may hear each alarm of fire. He knows every fireman and frequents every engine-house.

CONSUL GENERAL ADAMSON warns laborers not to go to Panama. There is much sickness there and wages are not high. There has been but little work done on the line of the proposed canal for a month past, excepting at four or five points, and now the work at two important points is slackening. The rainy season has set in, and from this time to December 1 the work can not be pushed. There are a great many unemployed men all along the line.

Special Sale

of
Great Bargains.
The Bee Hive Store Place on Sale
300 Handsome Jerseys
To Close Out
At Starting Prices.
Notice.
Our \$4.00 Jerseys, sold at \$2.50.
Our \$2.50 Jerseys, sold at \$1.75.
Our \$2.00 Jerseys, sold at \$1.25.
Remember, at these prices a Ready Sale is Assured, and You must come early to secure sizes and best selection.
M. FRANK & CO.,
62 and 64 Calhoun Street.

TROTTER HORSES.

The year 1894 marks the day when 2.40 was considered a remarkable trotting record for a mile. Maud S., the present champion, came to the front in 1880 with 2.10, while her record is now 2.08. Sporting men claim that the horse will yet be bred which can go a mile in two minutes, while others hold that Maud S.'s time cannot be beaten.

Not less surprising than this rapid reduction in the trotters' time is the speed with which Athlophoros has grown into public favor. As a single instance of its efficacy may be mentioned the case of Mr. W. D. Murphy, of No. 310 Yandes street, Indianapolis, Indiana, who tells this story:

"I first contracted rheumatism in the war, in which I served four years and six months. After returning from service the disease seemed to assume a periodical form. I would have at least two attacks every year, and between these attacks I would suffer all the time. Often I could not walk or get out of bed, and the disease would catch me in the legs so that while standing I would feel as if I were about to fall. It was one afternoon that I took my first dose of Athlophoros, and then at night I took another. I slept soundly that night. The next morning when I awoke I had no pain. I took a few doses more, but in all used only about two-thirds of a bottle before my rheumatism was gone. That was over a year ago, and since then I have had only a slight twinge. So great is my confidence in Athlophoros that I have recommended it to many different people. Among them is a Mrs. Wright, a lady seventy years old, who was entirely rid of all her pain by the medicine after suffering from rheumatism for fifteen years. In every instance it gave entire satisfaction."

Mr. R. Forster, a dealer in furniture at No. 320 Main St., Terre Haute, Ind., who tells the following:

"I have used Athlophoros with the very best satisfaction. I had neuralgia for years, and used about every medicine for it without obtaining any relief until I began taking Athlophoros. I was told of the remedy by a friend who bought a bottle of it for me, and I took some that same night. The next day I was as free from pain as if I had never had neuralgia. I went out and spent several hours in a walk which the day before would have been misery to me. During the summer months I am never troubled with neuralgia, but if I should be again I would certainly use Athlophoros, of whose merits I am fully convinced. I have a bottle on hand, but have no use for it at present. I have recommended it to several persons, and have yet to learn of a single instance where it did not accomplish its mission of good work."

Miss Kate Warren, of Stockwell, Ind., who says that she has not been able to effect a complete cure in her case because of inability to obtain Athlophoros when she desired to use it, nevertheless gives this testimony to its merits:

"I have used Athlophoros and have been very much benefited by it. I heartily recommend it to all I meet who are suffering from that dreadful disease, rheumatism."

If you cannot get ATHLOPHOROS of your druggist, we will send it express paid, on receipt of regular price—one dollar per bottle. We prefer that you buy it from your druggist, but if he hasn't it, do not be persuaded to try something else, but order at once from us, as directed. ATHLOPHOROS CO., 112 Wall Street, New York.

MODEL-ROOM OF THE PATENT OFFICE.

The model-room of the patent office consists of four immense halls extending north, south, east and west in the second story of the building. The space thus occupied is about 1,200x100 feet wide. Here on all sides are cases arranged tier upon tier, in which are placed on exhibition about 200,000 models varying in size from the tiniest tack-nail to a locomotive, and in importance from a mouse-trap to a telephone transmitter. It is a veritable museum, excelled in variety only by the Smithsonian Institution, to which were recently removed some of the interesting relics once stored here, including the identical printing press used by Benjamin Franklin, the coat worn by Gen. Jackson at the battle of New Orleans, and a number of revolutionary relics.

The first collection of models, comprising everything received between 1790 and 1836, numbering in all about 4,000, was destroyed by the fire which burned the old postoffice building, then also used for the Patent Office, December 15, 1836. These were never restored. For some years after, until the present building was erected, the office occupied the building known as the city hall—the district court house. The fire of September, 1877, which came so near demolishing the Interior Department building, destroyed 80,000 models, most of which have since been restored from the drawings, at a cost of \$250,000. The repairs to the building which have been going on ever since, and were finished less than a year ago, have cost nearly three times that sum. —Washington Correspondence Globe-Democrat.

The arithmetician Dase, who died in 1861, declared that he could count thirty objects of the same kind as easily as other people could count three or four. The truth of this assertion was often proved when the arithmetician, with lightning rapidity, gave the correct number of a herd of sheep, or the books in a library, or the window-panes in a large house.

There Are a Few Druggists

who care more to make a large profit on a worthless article than to wait for the prosperity that ultimately results from honest dealing. These are the men who when asked for a Benson's Caprine Plaster will recommend some cheap and trashy substitute or imitation, saying it is "just as good." Sometimes they will do up and sell the miserable imitation without remark, allowing the customer to suppose he has Benson's. If the valueless plaster is returned, cheap John will say he made a mistake;—if not, he has done a good stroke of business. The public are cautioned against John and all his ilk. Buy of respectable druggists only. The genuine Benson's plaster has the "Three Seals" trade mark and the word "Caprine" cut in the centre. If you

The Daily Sentinel.

OFFICIAL PAPER COUNTY AND CITY.

SATURDAY, MAY 15, 1896.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Congress, 12th District,
HON. ROBERT LOWRY, of Allen.

In the new gold mines in the Amor Valley the laws are very simple, but severe, the penalty of death being inflicted for cheating at play, for adulterating the gold dust, or for theft; while flogging is inflicted for drunkenness during the hours of labor, or for bringing females into the colony. Since the foundation of the colony there have been only three murders and two inflections of the death penalty.

JAY GOULD has developed a talent and taste for photography. On his recent yachting trip he carried a camera and all the rest of the needful apparatus along, and visitors at his downtown office are treated to exhibitions of pictures whose duplicates are not to be found outside of Mr. Gould's possession. They are all of subjects aptly chosen, and the workmanship shown in the print is worthy of a man equipped to earn a living at the business.

A RONDOUT man tells this timely yarn: He says that he bought some green dye, intending to color some eggs for his children for Easter, and laid the packages on a bench in the back yard, and forgot about it. When he thought to get it he discovered that his hens had eaten most of the dye stuff. The next day he found three bright green eggs in the nests; the next day three more a shade or two lighter; the third day the eggs had just the slightest tinge of green; the fourth day they resumed their normal appearance.

The unusual severity of the past winter gave Englishmen an opportunity of indulging in many sports common to colder countries, but rarely enjoyed there. Skating has been general, and during the week that followed the New Year many toboggans and sleighs were seen in and about the vicinity of London; but all these amusements were eclipsed by a man who built an ice-yacht and was able to sail it for two weeks in January on the frozen surface of the Reading reservoir, to the delight of the whole neighborhood.

The spinsters of Connecticut were, not long ago, much interested in the advertisement of a Naugatuck man who wanted a wife. He received a large number of replies, and among the applicants he found one that suited and they were married recently. One of the letters received was from a man who had a small farm for sale, and who was certain that there were two marriageable females in his vicinity, and that the purchaser of the farm could have his choice. He would sell the farm for \$900 and bind himself to discount \$100 if the purchaser was not successful in obtaining a wife.

ONE by one the ancient myths disappear. The old notion that wine improves by age it seems a humbug. One Winkelman, a German chemist, has been experimenting on the subject, and says there is an age at which all wines, including the very best, cease to be wholesome. He ordered some wines of the famous Bremen Rathskeller, Rudesheimer Rose, 1653, and Hochheimer Apostel, 1726, highly recommended for their medicinal value, and found that they were deficient in natural glycerine and contained as much acid as the cheapest new wines in poor seasons, so that they were positively injurious to health.

THERE was an amusing case in a San Francisco court the other day. Cherubini, the well-known Italian singer, was there as a defendant, being charged with making an assault upon one Belasco, a property man. When the defendant held up his hands to be sworn he exclaimed in an excited manner: "I swear fifteen hundred times," and when his testimony was brought to a conclusion he cried out: "Oh, please, please, let me tell ever, ever so much more." Though the assault was proven the excitable basso was let off scot-free, it having appeared in evidence that the plaintiff had become addicted to the reprehensible habit of frying fish beneath the great singer's nose, and that apparently the judge thought justified the assault.

MR. EDWARD MUYBRIDGE is an expert photographer who has achieved wonders in the way of photographing animals in motion, his object being to show how they move, run, jump, fly, etc. He is now at work at the University of Pennsylvania, where he has succeeded in taking 280 negatives in six seconds. In recording the movements of a bird he made fifteen successive negatives during one flap of its wing. On examining them he found that each feather performed an independent movement, like an oar sculling. This explains how birds are able to soar through the air without any apparent motion, a thing which has always puzzled ornithologists.

GIRLS IN PROSE.

Genius Blossoms out in Jefferson Township and the Laurel Crown is Uncovered.

In midst of political strife and busy commerce a Jefferson township genius breaks in on us like a July sun, and creates a remoteness between us and the busy world. Joseph Jolly bursts and blooms like a spring poet and the fame of that classic precinct is immortal. "Soft on her lap the laureate son reclines," and the crown that marked Apollo victors is his. His subject is the sweetest and dearest of all, "Girls." There is music in every rhyme and words so harsh are melted into consonance, as in the second verse "wit" rhymes with "township," "hustle" and "bustle" ring softly, and "fiddle" and "middle" make harmony in verse thirteen. "Mare" and "aware" are forced to blend as readily as "declare" and "hair," and so on runs merrily the song of Joseph Jolly, who dedicates this prose to the "girls."

While I am sitting here alone
Reflecting at the time,
I'll tell you a story true,
I'll tell it, too, in rhyme.
This poem is about the girls,
Their fashions and their wit,
And how the styles are followed up
Down here in Jefferson township.
They say that straw is coming up,
Which makes the farmers hustle,
For if they have one daughter or more
They manufacture it up into bustles.
I'm afraid they soon will tackle hay
And stave the city for their mare,
And when farmers feed sawdust brand
It'll make them cuss and aware.
But then I read the other day,
In the Cincinnati Enquirer,
That they have started a factory now
To make bustles out of wire.
So farmers wear your smiles again,
Don't look so sad, Oshaw!
Next year you'll save your hay, I'm sure,
And maybe all your straw.

There is the little school girl,
And she dresses up her mare,
She dresses up, she must you know,
Or she wouldn't be fit to be seen.
We meet some damsel on the street,
Some bright, sunshiny day;
We have her with our eyes to our right,
Some twenty feet away.

Those girls, of course, they must have
Room,
With parasols and bustles;
Their trail sweeps dirt just like a broom,
And, my, how their skirts do rustle.

There is another fashion yet;
It isn't new, I will declare;
To see how foolish some girls are,
To take and clip off half their hair.

The girl that started halving hair,
And that she cut it off so soon,
She must have had a chicken-pox mark
She was determined to hide.

But one thing brings another on:
That's what older people say;
So that's why we girls are so
Wears bustles large and bangs to-day.

The girls now days the organs play,
And second for the fiddle,
The treadles work with narrow shoes
That has heels about the middle.

They want to make small tracks, of course,
They're up to all such tricks,
So if they have a twelve inch foot,
They make a track about six.

I'll venture this, old maids down here,
Are getting rather plump;
But write it just for fun, but eighteen,
When they are five and twenty.

They follow fashions all the same,
Do ought of course, they mustn't,
And fairly turn things upside down
When they see a girl that doesn't.

They look upon a bustless girl,
And at her must for a good soot,
But if God had put their bustle on
They'd want some one to take it off.

We have heard some mother tell their
Girls,
From fashions I decline,
Why it takes eighteen yards to make
A dress.

When I was a girl it just took nine.
I'd like to say a little more,
Hold on, I haven't forgot,
I've noticed some girls paint themselves,
When the weather was rather hot.

It makes us laugh to see them paint,
It makes us laugh and speak,
To see the sweetest girls of our town
In a somewhat yellow streak.

I'll tell to you another truth,
And then I guess I'll quit,
Those styles are followed everywhere,
Not only in Jefferson township.

I don't write this for uneasiness,
For my faults may be twenty,
To the fashionable ladies' one.

To the Girls,
I do not want to give you pain,
But then the truth is what I claim,
Until this banging hair is slain,
So right below I sign my name.

JASPER GOLLY.

Conductor Lott Dickson.

"Mr. Dott Dickson, conductor on the Fort Wayne road, was in town yesterday afternoon and made the Democrat a pleasant call. He was conductor on the Fort Wayne train Sunday evening that ran into John Wymer's wagon at Inwood and killed him, his wife and two children. Mr. Dickson says he had just gone through his train after leaving Plymouth and was arranging his tickets when he heard the crash, and looking out saw the body of Wymer in the air. He says the fireman says Wymer drove his team on the track when the train was not over twenty feet from him, and of course it was an impossibility to stop the train until it was too late. The air brakes were put on and the train stopped within about three train lengths. He says the Wymeres were all almost instantly killed. Mr. Wymer lived about thirty minutes. Mr. Dickson says he never saw a more horrible sight, and hopes he will never see another such. The general opinion about Inwood seems to be that the train men were not to blame, and that the accident was the result of unexplainable carelessness on the part of Wymer," says the Plymouth Democrat.

Watermelon seed should not be planted until the weather has become warm and settled. In this vicinity about the middle of May is soon enough. Do not stint the quantity of seed; place from sixteen to twenty in a hill, and, when the plants come up, remove all but four of the most promising. Watch the young plants as soon as they begin to make their appearance, and if they appear troubled by insects, dust them freely with soot, ashes or tobacco dust when wet with dew.

Wm. Hayes, of the City carriage works, fell through a hatchway yesterday and was hurt.

WILL DO GOOD.

The Knights of Labor Will be a Blessing to Our Country if Properly Managed.

The New York Herald, after much study and investigation of the subject, says it cannot agree with some of its contemporaries who show a disposition to severely criticize the labor organizations, and particularly the greatest of them, the Knights of Labor, because they do not at all times act with superhuman wisdom. Corporations and other employers are not always wise. While those who control a movement as widespread and general as this of the labor organizations ought to guide it carefully and wisely, they should not be summarily and savagely dealt with or denounced if here or there some overzealous leader makes a blunder. That the millions who work for wages should organize for their general advancement is not only natural, but inevitable. It may be "a bore" to some people; but so is a presidential or congressional election "a bore" to a good many persons. Nevertheless the elections give a healthful and needed stir to the blood of the American people; and so the labor organizations, even though occasionally they may inconvenience the public by a strike, are in the long run wholesome and of good import.

That they will increase in effectiveness year by year we think certain; and, far from lamenting this, we regard it a matter for great congratulation. The more thorough the organization become the more conservative will be the aims of the members, and the less frequent will be hasty and unwise action. For the present they appeal to public attention mainly when they agree on or support a "strike" in some trade. But that will in the end, we believe, be one of the least parts of their work. We should be greatly surprised if a great organization of American workmen, spreading through many states and a hundred employments, should do only this; or, in fact, should not presently act upon the body politic in so much more important ways that they would in the end totally abolish strikes. For a strike is only a very crude, temporary and wasteful way of settling any part of the labor question. It is justified to men of brains only until a better and permanent cure is found for the evils of which it complains.

In a free country men remedy abuses by their votes; and if they reason intelligently they see that abuses grow mainly because of bad laws, and that the remedy lies not in enacting laws, but in repealing injurious laws. Whenever any part of the people suffer a real grievance it will be found that this is a consequence of a law interfering with their liberty of action in some needless way, and that the remedy lies not in more law, but in striking off a law.

What, then, some one may ask, does the Herald expect from a more thorough and widespread organization of the Knights of Labor? Well, these are some things:

First—We confidently expect that the Knights of Labor will everywhere discountenance dynamite and all other forms of violence. This they now do, but with better organization we believe they will be the first to come forward to put down with a strong hand such crimes against society.

Second—With greater experience we believe the Knights of Labor will set themselves to peaceable and effective ways out of disagreeable or intolerable situations. Already American labor organizations have produced co-operative manufacturers, co-operative stores in small numbers and co-operative building societies. They have not used as they may, and some day will, a resource which they alone of the laboring people of civilized states have at hand—we mean removal to free homesteads when servitude becomes unpleasant to them.

The United States, alone of civilized nations, possess a great area of arable lands, open to the settlement of their people, and an invaluable safety valve to popular discontent. When the Knights of Labor have compacted their great organization, and have had time to think and plan, we believe a "strike" will mean the removal of a body of discontented workmen to free homes on the public lands; an organized migration, whereby they will exchange servitude for independence, and do this with the help of their fellows and as part of a great, well considered plan.

It is because we confidently believe that this will be one of the most important results of what is called the "labor movement" that we have so strenuously urged upon congress, by the repeal of bad land laws and the rigid forfeiture of unearned railroad grants, to save to the people use for years to come a hundred millions of public lands wrongly grabbed by syndicates and corporations. Without these lands the "labor problem" would soon assume a very different phase from that it now presents. We hope the Knights of Labor, who are already exercising a perfectly proper, though not always wise, influence on legislation, will unite to press upon congress the urgent ne-

cessity of this land reform. Every acre of the public lands wrongfully appropriated is a grave loss to the workingmen of America.

Finally, we believe that when the Knights of Labor are completely organized before ordering or contemplating a strike they will seek to discover the real causes of the discontent of their members. If the remedy can be found in arbitration they will go to that; if the grievance results from bad laws they will require and by their votes obtain their repeal; if the causes lie in an overabundant labor supply they will organize migration to free homesteads on a great scale. A strike will be to intelligent laboring men so organized a last resort and a confession of failure, and violence they will summarily put down as the worst crime against themselves.

That is what we expect of the future of the Knights of Labor. Will any man say that such results are improbable? Will any one say that such results will not justify and show to be most beneficent these organizations of the millions who work for wages?

PLATFORM ECHOES.

A Sketch of John B. Gough's New Book.

Mr. Gough's many friends in Fort Wayne will be glad to read about his new book. It is the crowning life-work of the world-famous John B. Gough. Every one is familiar with the story of his early life, and of his rescue from a drunkard's grave, and how this once wretched and despised son became one of the most famous men of our time and the best known speaker in the world. For seven years he stood amid the horrors of delirium tremens, an abject slave to the bottle; and his condition and his appearance were such as to cause people to exclaim: "There's the man who has been in hell." Since that time the good he has accomplished can not be estimated. The rich and poor, the high, the low, the learned and unlearned, have been alike thrilled and moved by his burning words. He has swayed brilliant audiences of royalty and fashion; has spoken in state prisons, jails, poor houses, penitentiaries, reform schools and houses of correction; to the deaf and dumb and blind; to audiences composed wholly of outcasts, and to audiences numbering thousands of children. At his feet more than ten million people have sat and listened in admiration and wonder.

These names—many of them tear-bewetted and written with trembling hand—represent stories of happiness and woe, of ruin and remorse, of blighted hopes and wasted lives, of battles fought and victory won. To give some of these thrilling life histories; to depict scenes of joy and sadness; to lift the curtain on life's stage and show its tragedy and comedy, and to draw "living truths" from the lessons thus taught, and bring them home to every heart, is the prime object of this volume.

Many distinguished men and women have long urged Mr. Gough to write this book. They knew that in forty-five years of unceasing work among all classes in Europe and America, he has seen much of the bright and shady sides of life, and that the wealth of material in his possession would make one of the most valuable and thrilling books of the day. Rev. Dr. Lyman Abbott, the eminent editor and divine, has written the story of Mr. Gough's life and career for the book.

It is John B. Gough in print. In it he gives to the world in permanent form his best thoughts on many topics, his most touching tales, his most stirring stories of deepest pathos and keenest humor. As a story teller he has never been equaled. The tenderness of his pathos and the spice of his humor are irresistible. But whether he narrates a story of mirth or of sorrow, it is always to illustrate great and living truths. Stranger stories are here told than romance ever dreamed of, every one of them drawn from real life by a master hand. In every chapter he weaves in anecdote after anecdote, incident after incident, story after story, and underneath them all lie "living truths" that stand out as beacon lights. He plays upon the reader's feelings as with an enchanter's wand, at one time filling his heart with gladness, at another blinding his eyes with tears. At his bidding, hearts are melted, and stern, strong men, as well as sensitive women, weep tears of compassion, are aroused to indignation or moved to uncontrollable laughter in spite of every effort to control their feelings.

This work is wholly and entirely new. Not one word of it has ever before been published. It contains nothing that appears in Mr. Gough's "Autobiography" (1869), or in his "Sunlight and Shadow" (1880). This is a totally different work and is conceded by critics, and by the entire press, to be the crowning life-work of its illustrious author.

His illustrations are the best we have ever seen. It contains two hundred and twenty-seven fine engravings by the best artists and engravers in the world. Many of these illustrations are "too funny for anything," while others depict wretchedness and woe. Sixteen of these engravings are full page ones, and are magnificent specimens of art. Two hundred and nine are text illustrations. There are two fine steel plate portraits. One is from a life-size full length painting, showing Mr. Gough as he appeared shortly after his rescue. The other is from a photograph just taken. All in all, it is one of the finest and most elaborately illustrated volumes ever produced by the American press.

We advise our readers to buy Platform Echoes at the first opportunity. They can, in our opinion, much better afford to dispense with a dozen other books than not possess this. Once begun, it will not willingly be laid aside till the last page is finished.

"Our sales of Athlophoros exceed those of any other proprietary remedy put forward as a specific for rheumatism, with universally satisfactory results," write Knebe & Meissner, prominent druggists of Laporte, Ind., who handle the remedy.

THE GREAT AGITATOR.

Sketch of the Rascal who has Caused so Much Trouble in this Country. Driven out Every Country but America.

"Whose portrait is that?" a lady asked when shown the photograph from which the accompanying portrait was engraved. "That is Herr Most, the Anarchist." "Well, he looks it," was her laconic comment, and most readers will agree with her. Herr Most has a rotund face and body that would indicate he was not lacking any of the good things of



JOHANN MOST.

this world. Meeting him with his hat on one would take him to be a well-to-do saloon proprietor. But with his hat removed and his hair closely cropped his physiognomy is one on which no mistake can be made. The characteristics are too strongly defined. The great, heavy jaws, heavy eyes and overhanging eyebrows, the receding forehead, the abnormal development of the posterior portion of his cranium, all indicate a head admirably adapted for the mission he has in life. What the mouth and chin would show cannot be told, but it is presumed his luxuriant beard covers equally strong characteristics necessary to the man. It does seem cruel to call attention to the abnormal phrenological points of this monster, and yet it is the most charitable thing one can do. His training from childhood has developed the brutal and animal passions to the sacrifice of the inherent humane nature, so that it has molded his head, until it shows the brutal nature within.

Herr Most is what he is because he cannot now be otherwise, though it is unfortunate that men will follow such a leader. He gained his notoriety in Europe some dozen years ago through his connection with a Socialistic organization in Russia, from which nihilism was developed. He was forced to flee from Russia and lived for a time in Germany and Austria, where he quickly advanced his doctrines and gathered some followers, the outcome of their plotting being, it is claimed, the assassination of the late czar. Germany and Austria becoming too hot for Most and his conspirators they scattered. Their leader next appeared in London, where he was finally imprisoned. On his release he came to this country, as being the last one among the civilized nations that would harbor him. Here he has published his doctrines in a paper called Die Freiheit, growing gradually bolder and bolder until the police and grand jury had become convinced that his methods had become unlawful and ordered him to be locked up, but he could not be found. Herr Most's last appearance in public was before his "Workingmen's Rifle Club," a society of Anarchists in New York. Twenty kegs of beer were drank by his auditors to give them courage. Here he made a speech, rifle in hand. He advised his hearers to arm themselves against the interference of the police and brought his rifle to his shoulder occasionally to illustrate his intentions. Two detectives were in the audience whose evidence will be sufficient to convict Most when caught. Two lieutenants of Most's, who were arrested, became so terrified when they found they were within the law's grasp, that they were willing to promise to renounce Socialism forever if they would be allowed their freedom. This is one of the peculiarities of the Socialist leaders that they are personally arant cowardly. August Spies, the leader of the Chicago Anarchists, is an ardent pupil of Most's in the shedding of blood and yet the sight of blood makes him deathly sick.

Pure blood is absolutely necessary in order to enjoy perfect health. Hooi's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and strengthens the system.

"Editor Keator, of the Fort Wayne Gazette, wants the congressional nomination again. If he keeps on with his Gazette as he has in abusing Judge Lowry, the latter's majority will reach 10,000 in the district," says the Columbia City Post.

In the Dear Old Days.

We differ in creed and politics, but we are a unit all the same on the hesitableness of a fine head of hair. If you mourn the loss of this blessing and ornament, a bottle or two of Parker's Hair Balsam will make you look as you did in the dear old days. It is worth trying. It is the only standard 50c article for the hair.

Since George Ford has declined to be a candidate for congressman in the Thirtieth district, what's the matter with John B. Stoll that he is not urged for the place?

SCOTT'S EMULSION OF PURE

Cod Liver Oil, With Hypophosphates, is more reliable as an agent in the cure of consumption, chronic coughs and emaciation, than any remedy known to medical science. It is so prepared that the potency of these two most valuable specifics is largely increased. It is also very palatable.

The 20th Indiana regiment will hold a reunion at Logansport, the 1st and 2d.

I think Ely's Cream Balm is the best remedy for catarrh I ever saw. I never took anything that relieved me so quickly and I have not felt so well for a long time. I used to be troubled with severe headaches two or three times a week, but since using the balm have only had one and that was very light compared with the former ones.—A. J. Alcorn, agent U. P. Ry Co., Eaton, Co.

I find Ely's Cream Balm good for catarrh of long standing.—M. N. Lesley, 1834 West Chestnut St., Louisville.

THE GREAT CATHARTIC LIVER REGULATOR DISEASE.

SYMPTOMS: Bitter to bad taste in mouth; pain in the back, sides, or joints—often mistaken for rheumatism; sour stomach; loss of appetite; sometimes nausea and waterbrash; indigestion; flatulency and acid eructations; bowels alternately constipated and lax; headache; loss of memory, with a painful sensation of having failed to do something which ought to have been done; debility; low spirits; a thick, yellow appearance of the skin and eyes; a dry cough; fever; restlessness; the urine is scanty and high-colored, and, if allowed to stand, deposits a sediment.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR, PURELY VEGETABLE, AN EFFECTUAL SPECIFIC FOR

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Is generally used in the South to arouse the Torpid Liver to a healthy action. It acts without disturbance to the system, diet or occupation. It regulates the Liver, and causes the bile to act as the purge. The excess of bile being removed, a tonic effect is produced and health is perfectly restored. The Regulator is given with safety and the happiest results to the most delicate infant. For all diseases in which a laxative, alterative or purgative is needed it will give the most perfect satisfaction. The Cheapest, Purest and Best Family Medicine in the World!

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For fifteen years, they have steadily gained in favor, and with sales constantly increasing have become the most popular corset throughout the United States. The G quality is warranted to wear twice as long as ordinary Corsets. We have lately introduced the G and R-H grades with Extra Long Waists, and we can furnish them when preferred. Highest awards from all the World's great Fairs. The last medal received is for First Degree of Merit, from the late Exposition held at New Orleans. While scores of patents have been found worthless, the principles of the Glove-Fitting have proved invaluable. Retailers are authorized to refund money, if on examination, these Corsets do not prove as represented. For sale everywhere. Catalogue free on application.

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March 4-6-1903

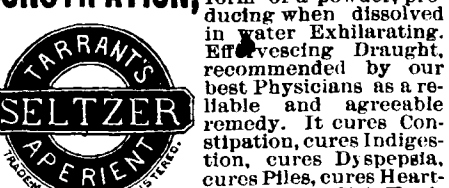
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Sick-Headache, AND DYSPEPSIA. An elegant efficacious, pleasant aperient in the form of a powder, producing when dissolved in water Exhilarating, Refreshing, Digestive, and agreeable results. It is recommended by our best Physicians as a reliable and agreeable remedy, cures Indigestion, cures Dyspepsia, cures Piles, cures Heartburn, cures Liver Complaint, cures Sick Stomach, and gently urges all the Excretory organs to a proper action. It should be used in every household and carried by every traveler. Sold by druggists everywhere.

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All Sorts of

hurts and many sorts of ails of man and beast need a cooling lotion. Mustang Liniment.

33,000 ACRES MINNEAPOLIS

Lands are to be sold at Public Auction. The Trustee of the Estate of Jay Cooke & Co., in Bankruptcy, will offer for sale to the highest bidder 33,000 acres of valuable lands yet remaining. The real estate must be disposed of immediately as to settle with creditors. Such an opportunity is rarely offered for a safe and paying investment. Sale takes place at the Chicago Real Estate Board, Room 5, 161 LaSalle St., Chicago, Ill., Wednesday, May 28, at 12 noon. Each tract sold separately. For terms, see Harney & Co., 27 Tribune Building, Chicago, Ill., or to James O. Young, Cedar Rapids, Iowa. april24d&wlm

The Daily Sentinel.

SATURDAY, MAY 15, 1896.
THE CHICAGO RIOT.

An Illustration of the Occurrence

Those who have comforted themselves that there never could be such mobs and rioting in America as there have been frequently in the old world, must by this time begin to conclude that they have been sleeping above a volcano. The scenes at Chicago, May 4, bear a tragic resemblance to those at the storming of the French Bastille, July 14, 1793, three years less than a century ago. Curious facts of race appear in the Chicago events. Looking over the list of names of the killed and wounded among the Socialists, it will be seen that they are not those of native Americans, but of Bohemians, Poles, Hungarians and Germans, the very element that Bismarck has been doing his utmost to get rid of. A smile broke over his iron face, undoubtedly, when he opened his favorite morning paper and read how the factories and mills of Chicago were going to the bow-wows.

Another fact will strike the general reader. The fearless policemen who were killed and wounded in trying to disperse the rioters were, at most, without exception, Irish. England fancies that Irishmen are only another name for lawlessness, but in the United States they are on the side of the law.



It was a man mounted upon a wagon who made the speech the night of May 4, that precipitated the bloodiest part of the riot. It was in the evening at the old Haymarket on the west side.

Twelve thousand men assembled in the old Haymarket after the riotous proceedings in the afternoon. They were the ferment of the host that had been dispersed by the police in the afternoon. Then twelve determined policemen had begun to scatter a crowd of 20,000 people—men, women and children. They were re-enforced afterwards till their number was 300, but the fact remains that before their brother officers arrived those twelve brave fellows made the strong yield before them. There was blood spilt on both sides, though no more than one or two lives were lost. The afternoon fight at once emboldened the police and whetted the wrath of the throng.

In the evening they reassembled to vent their anger and breathe out vengeance. Now there is no law in this country against a man's speaking his mind. It is quite possible that if the red rag speakers had been allowed to finish their harangues the crowd would have dispersed in peace. They were doing so. In fact August Spies and T. R. Parsons had made violent speeches which had fallen rather flat. The crowd had dwindled down to 1,000.



This would never do, thought Anarchist Fielden. He sprang upon a wagon and called wildly on the people to kill the police hirelings. Word was sent in a moment to a police station, and 125 men started at once to the Haymarket. "To arms!" cried Fielden, as they advanced on the scene. Police Inspector Bonfield ordered them to disperse in the name of the law. A second time he gave the command. The next moment it seemed as if earth and sky split open. The policemen marched in ranks, one row behind another. A number of bombs were seen to fall between the second and third rows. Policemen dropped to the ground, scattered and bleeding. Some of the Socialists dropped too, it is said. Immediately after the explosion the officers fired volley after volley from their revolvers into the crowd, who replied to the bullets with knives, pistols and clubs. They had come prepared, but they were dispersed. In a few moments they were broken ranks and fled, before the officers, in all directions. It only proved for the thousands what they ought to have known, that a few well-aimed, determined, drilled men, who stand shoulder to shoulder, like a stone wall, can put to flight a hundred times their number.



The wounded from both sides were conveyed by the patrol wagons to the station house. The scene there was heartrending. The officers' legs were torn and their fingers shot away and their brave breasts the lodging place of bullets. "Don't touch me," cried one who dragged himself home to his wife, "touch me; I am shot full of holes!"

DAVID DAVIS.

Judge of the Supreme Court, Senator and Vice-President.
Ex-Judge David Davis has been a big man in more than one sense. For nearly thirty years he occupied a seat on the bench fifteen years of that time as a judge of the supreme court. During the quiet and dignity necessary to this position, he acquired a ponderosity which brought his weight past the 300-pound mark. But then the judge inherited a large body. He came of a stalwart family, who settled on the eastern shore of Maryland, where the future judge was born in 1815. He graduated from Kenyon college, Ohio, in 1837, studied law in Massachusetts and Connecticut, and when admitted to the bar began to practice at Bloomington, Ill. Speaking of this judge said recently: "While going to college in the west, I got to see western people and the better chances in the west, so I settled in Illinois. When I got out there I think every member of the bar drank and gambled. Some of them were as brilliant men as ever you knew. I looked on awhile, and made up my mind I would neither drink nor gamble, and consequently I have survived a small host of men probably better entitled to live and be useful than myself. I did not smoke a cigar until I was pretty well advanced in life; indeed, only a few years ago. Perhaps my loss of flesh of late years is attributable to my stopping smoking, which I did for some time."



Mr. Davis entered politics in 1844 by being elected to the Illinois legislature. He was a member of the state constitutional convention of 1847, and was elected a circuit judge in 1848. In 1852 President Lincoln appointed him one of the judges of the United States supreme court, which position he held until 1877, when he resigned to succeed John A. Logan as United States senator from Illinois. Upon the death of President Garfield in 1881 Vice-President Arthur became the head of the government, and Judge Davis was chosen president of the senate. After the expiration of his senatorial term he married a young lady in North Carolina, and retired to private life in his old home in Bloomington, Ill. Some weeks ago he first complained of not feeling well. He began to lose flesh rapidly until he became but a shadow of his former self. Judge Davis leaves a record as a jurist and a statesman of which his adopted state is justly proud.

President Chicago University.



DR. W. H. HARPER.
The newly elected president of the Chicago university is Dr. W. H. Harper, whose portrait is presented herewith. Though youthful in appearance, Dr. Harper has achieved a reputation for the clearness of his intellect and the profound erudition he has already attained. He had under consideration an excellent position offered him by the authorities of Yale college, when his name was suggested to turn the waning fortune of the Chicago university. At a meeting of the trustees of this university, he was unanimously elected president. He will bring to this college his vigorous talent as well as strong pecuniary support.

REPRESENTATIVE JOHN J. O'NEILL,

Chairman of the Labor Committee of the House of Representatives.



A valiant champion of the cause of the workingman is John J. O'Neill, the St. Louis congressman. He is chairman of the very important committee of labor of the house of representatives. Just now he has his hands full in investigating the causes of the recent labor troubles throughout the country and principally in his own city. Mr. O'Neill was a St. Louis boy, and will be 40 years old on June 25. He received a common school education, and was in the civil service of the government during the war, after which he was engaged in manufacturing pursuits. For the indomitable energy, perseverance and pluck which is shown so well in his portrait he was elected to the legislature of Missouri in 1872, and was twice re-elected. The workingman's party nominated him for congress in 1878, but he withdrew from the fear of injuring his cause through the risk of defeat. He was elected to the Forty-eighth congress as a Democrat, and immediately received a place on the labor committee, of which he became the head on his election to the present congress.

OBERLY'S DUEL.

How the Well-Known Illinois Politician was Principally in a Duel in 1859.

Several Illinois Congressmen were discussing John H. Oberly's chances of confirmation in one of the cloak-rooms of the House, when Representative Farquhar approached.

"Speaking of Oberly," said he, "did you ever know that I was a principal in a duel, and that I was his second? Of course you do not, but it is really an interesting story. It happened in 1859, long before any of his present circle of Illinois friends had met him. Oberly was at that time one of the proprietors of a daily paper in Memphis, Tennessee, whether he had emigrated a few years before from Ohio. The National Typographical Union was holding its annual session in Nashville. I was present as a member of the Chicago union, for in those days I was earning an honest livelihood as a type-setter, with no thought of representing a Buffalo constituency in the halls of Congress. Oberly was there as a delegate from Memphis.

One evening a party of us visited a beer-garden in the outskirts of the city, where a number of young women were employed as barmaids and waitresses. Seated near us were several young Nashville bloods, one of whom grew very jealous of Oberly's polite gallantries to the pretty girl at our table. At the first convenient opportunity the young man, whose name proved to be Ellsworth, addressed an insulting remark to Oberly, which the latter did not distinctly hear. I did, however, and called Oberly's attention to it. Ellsworth, who had been reared in the belief that a Northern man was destitute of both pluck and courage, attributed Oberly's silence to cowardice. He was convinced of his error, however, when, upon repeating the remark, Oberly promptly knocked him down. In an instant everything was in confusion. The printers outnumbered their opponents five to one, and the latter therefore withdrew, after notifying us that we should hear from them within a few hours. As soon as we returned to the hotel I hunted up Ellsworth and endeavored to effect a peaceful settlement of the affair. I found Ellsworth boiling over with rage. The honor of his family, he said, was at stake, and nothing but blood could wipe out the disgrace. The more I argued the more belligerent he became. At last, when my patience was exhausted, I withdrew, after telling him I would see Oberly through, no matter what the consequences might be. I told Oberly he must either fight or get out of town that night. He said he had no intention of being driven out of Nashville either by one man or any number of men; that he was ready to meet Ellsworth at any time and place and in any way he desired. The next morning, when one of Ellsworth's friends waited upon Oberly with a challenge, he referred him to me. Colt's revolvers were selected as the weapons and a secluded spot near the Hermitage was fixed upon for the place of meeting. When we arrived on the ground we found that Ellsworth, his second, and the surgeon had already preceded us. To our surprise we found the opposing party in a very peaceful frame of mind. They saw that we meant business, and that was what they did not mean. Oberly insisted that the duel should take place. Ellsworth, who was really a most ardent coward, at last broke down completely, and an encounter that at the outset promised to end in the most sanguinary manner, was brought to a close by a most abject apology on the part of Ellsworth, greatly to my comfort and delight."

Washington letter to Chicago News.

In Your Liver out of Order.

Then your whole system deranged—the blood is impure, the breath offensive, you have a headache, feel languid, dispirited and nervous, have no appetite, your sleep is troubled and unrefreshing. To prevent a more serious condition, take at once a half tablespoonful of Simmons Liver Regulator, three times a day—it will soon restore the healthy action of the liver, bowels and kidneys.

"I recommend Simmons Liver Regulator to all my friends, as I have personally known it to cure all liver disorders and sick headache."

A. McHERRITT, Beverly, N. J.

There are 710 prisoners in the northern penitentiary.

NERVE-LIFE AND VIGOR restored

in men and women by using Gilmore's Aromatic Wine.

WHEN DOCTORS cannot help you then take Gilmore's Magnetic Elixir for your throat and lungs.

MIDDLE-AGED MEN who lack vigor and vitality can be cured by Gilmore's Aromatic Wine.

JAMES SULLIVAN of Salem, Oregon says he was cured of the Asthma by Gilmore's Magnetic Elixir.

THE WIFE, MOTHER AND MAID who suffer from Female weakness, will find Gilmore's Aromatic Wine a positive cure.

For sale by Dreier & Bro's, and G. H. Gumpfer.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Mrs. Winslow's

Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferers at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhoea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle, Jan. 19-20-21-22.

PILES.

Instant relief. Final cure in 10 days and never returns. No pain, no salve, no suppository. Sufferers will learn of a simple remedy. Free, by addressing C. J. MASON, 76 Nassau street, New York.

Decorative Art Store.

Miss Mariotto and Mrs. Sheaf have opened with a very carefully selected stock, comprising satins, silks, muslins, wools, baton cloth, linen goods, etc. Arranging chandeliers, tassels, etc. Chenille balls, fringes, cords, banner rods, fancy baskets, etc. Lessons given in all kinds of art, needle work, lustrous painting, Paris tinting and modeling in clay. Orders solicited for all kinds of decorative work. Stamping done to order and a large variety of patterns to select from. 21-3m

GEO. R. BOWEN,

Plumbing, Steamfitting, Sewering.

Particular attention given to

Sanitary Plumbing and Sewering

ESTIMATES FURNISHED.

Bath Tubs, Boilers, Water Closets, Sinks, Hydrants, Yard Hose, Brass Trimmings for Engines, Etc., Etc.

NO. 110 CALHOUN ST.

WANTED.

Local Men to take orders for our Specialties in their own towns and counties. Live men make \$5 a day. Write for terms, giving references and age. CHARLES H. CHASE, Nurseryman, Rochester, N. Y. april16d&wlm

KEMP'S BALSAM FREE.

Call at our store and get Free sample Bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, the most successful Cough and Lung Remedy ever sold. 70¢ WILL see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Large size 50 cts. and \$1. KEMP'S BALSAM FREE.

Respectfully, DREIER & BRO.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

BRADY & GARWOOD, Lessees and Manager W. M. WILKINSON, Business Manager

FLOUR 20 Cents a Barrel.

FUN! FUN! FUN!

Last Two Nights of the Great Mesmerist

PROF. DIERKES,

Friday and Saturday, May 14 and 16.

On both of these evenings each purchaser of a TWENTY CENT TICKET will be given a numbered coupon entitling them to a chance to the drawing for a BARREL OF FIRST GRADE FLOUR. Certainly a cheap investment.

MASONIC TEMPLE.

J. H. SIMONSON, Manager F. E. STODDER, Treasurer

FRIDAY, MAY 21.

"Am I in der Way?"

Everybody's favorite comedian.

GUS WILLIAMS

And his excellent company, presenting his New Musical Comedy by George Roey, Entitled,

OH!

What a Night!

Mr. Williams will introduce a number of his New and Popular Songs. The regular prices of this theatre will prevail. Coming "Bristols Rejuvenation."

RUPTURE

Cure guaranteed by Dr. J. B. Mayer. Ease at once; no operation, or delay in business; tested hundreds of cures. Main office, 531 Arch St., Phila. At Custer house, Fort Wayne, 9th and 10th of each month June 12-24-25-26

C. Schiefer & Son

Have Received an Immense New Stock of

Boots, Shoes And Slippers

For Spring and Summer wear, with

PRICES REDUCED

To suit the times. Call and examine our assortment before you buy.

Sign of the Alligator,

No. 8 East Columbia St. May 10-2m.

WANTED.

WANTED—Girl to do general house work. Apply at 159 W. Washington. 14-2t

WANTED—A lady cook at the Commercial House, Van Wert, Ohio. Call at the southwest corner of Washington and Lafayette streets, this city. 14-1t

WANTED—A girl to do general house work. Apply at 159 W. Washington. 14-2t

NOTICE—Business men are sensible of the fact that office appliances that save labor and dispatch business generally are desirable to have. In this respect the Amberg Cabinet Letter File ranks high. No one using it would be without it. Send for catalogue. Cameron, Amberg & Co. Jan-1y

WANTED—All persons to know that you can get books bound in fine style and on short notice at the Sentinel office.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—One half of store room No. 75 Calhoun street. J. H. Young. 12-2t

FOR RENT—No. 238 West Jefferson street, \$20 per month. Inquire of Coombs, Bell & Morris, 323 Berry street. 8-1t

FOR RENT—Two story brick house, No. 243 West Berry St. Can give possession about April 1. Inquire of B. D. Angell, 754 Calhoun St. 31-1t

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A genuine Seal Skin Cap in splendid condition. Cost \$14.50 when new. May be had very cheap. May be seen at Adams express office. 1t

FOR SALE—Magnetic Battery, Davis & Kidder make. Splendid thing for a physician. It cost \$12. Will sell cheap. Inquire at Adams express office. 1t

FOR SALE—Old papers at this office.

Arrival and Departure of Trains

NEW YORK, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS R. R.

GOING EAST. GOING WEST.

Ar. 1:30 pm Express. Ar. 1:30 pm Lv. 6:10 am Accommodation. Lv. 6:45 pm

PITTSBURG, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R.

GOING WEST. GOING EAST

12:20 pm—Lv.—Mail and Ex.—Lv.—5:00 am

5:00 am " Limited Ex. " 9:00 pm

5:05 pm " Fast Through Ex. " 8:00 pm

1:15 am " Plymouth Ex. " 2:00 pm

5:20 am " Local Freight " 7:00 am

"Daily. All others daily except Sunday.

WABASH, ST. LOUIS & PACIFIC R. R.

GOING EAST. GOING WEST.

6:05 am—Lv.—Limited Ex.—Lv.—5:00 pm

12:15 pm " Lafayette Ex. " 1:20 pm

8:28 pm " Through Mail " 8:50 am

Andrews Accom. Freight " 8:35 am

"Daily. Except Sunday.

Limited Express, free chair cars. Through Mail, Palace sleeping cars between New York and St. Louis.

INDIANAPOLIS TIME CARD.

LV. FT. WAYNE. AR. INDY'S.

6:05 am " Limited Ex. " 11:00 am

12:15 pm " Lafayette Ex. " 9:15 pm

8:28 pm " Woodruff sleeper. " 1:45 am

RETURNING.

Leave Indianapolis at 7:15 am; arrive at Fort Wayne at 1:00 pm.

Leave Indianapolis at 3:15 pm; arrive at Fort Wayne at 7:15 pm.

Leave Indianapolis at 7:10 pm; arrive at Fort Wayne at 8:30 am. Woodruff Sleeper on this train.

GRAND RAPIDS & INDIANA R. R.

GOING NORTH. GOING SOUTH.

2:45 am—Lv.—Mail and Ex.—Lv.—1:00 pm

8:05 am " Through Ex. " 5:25 am

3:05 pm " Express " 12:15 am

Accommodation train arrives from the south 6:35 p. m.

Accommodation train goes south at 5:35 pm. Trains daily except Sunday.

LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN.

[Fort Wayne Division.]

May 8-1m | years. | april 23-1y

From 115 lbs. to 161 lbs.

To the Cuticura Remedies I Owe My Health, My Happiness, and My Life.

A day never passes that I do not think and speak kindly of the Cuticura Remedies. Seven years ago, all of a dozen lumps formed on my neck, ranging in size from a cherry stone to an orange. The large ones were painful to look at, and painful to bear; people turned aside when they saw me, in disgust, and I was ashamed to be on the street or in society. Physicians and their treatment, and all medicines failed to do any good. In a moment of despair I tried the Cuticura Remedies—Cuticura, the Great Skin Cure, and Cuticura Soap, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, externally, and Cuticura Resolvent, the new Blood Purifier, internally; the small lumps (as I call them) gradually disappeared, and the large ones broke in about two weeks, discharging large quantities of matter, leaving two slight scars in my neck today to tell the story of my suffering. My weight then was 115 lbs. now it is 161 lbs. I feel solid, healthy, and my life is only five feet five inches. In my travels I praised the Cuticura Remedies, North, South, East and West. To Cuticura Remedies I owe my Health, my Happiness, and my Life. The prominent New York druggist asked me one day, "Do you still use the Cuticura Remedies; you look to be in perfect health." My reply was, "I do, and shall always." I have never known what sickness is since I commenced using the Cuticura Remedies. Sometimes I am laughed at by praising them to people not acquainted with their merits, but sooner or later they will come to their senses and believe the same as those that use them, as dozens have whom I have told. May the time come when there shall be a large Cuticura Resolvent in every city in the world, for the benefit of humanity, where the Cuticura Remedies shall be sold only, so that there will be a need of ever entering a drug store.

M. HUSBAND, N. Y.
CUTICURA Remedies are a positive cure for every form of skin and blood diseases, from Pimples to Scrofula. Sold everywhere. CUTICURA, the Great Skin Cure, 50c. CUTICURA SOAP, and CUTICURA Resolvent, the new Blood Purifier, 50c. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Mass.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," PIMPLES, Blackheads, Skin Blemishes, and Baby Humors, use CUTICURA SOAP.

Sneezing Catarrh.

The distressing sneeze, sneeze, sneeze, the acrid, watery discharges from the eyes and nose, the painful inflammation extending to the throat, the swelling of the mucous lining, causing choking sensations, cough, ringing noises in the head and splitting headaches, how familiar these symptoms are to those who suffer periodically from head colds or influenza, and who live in ignorance of the fact that a single application of Sanford's Radical Cure for Catarrh will afford instantaneous relief. But this treatment in cases of simple Catarrh gives but a faint idea of what this remedy will do in the chronic forms, where the breathing is obstructed by choking, putrid mucus accumulations, the throat is inflamed, and the taste gone, throat ulcerated and hacking cough gradually fastening itself upon the debilitated system. Then it is that the marvelous curative power of Sanford's Radical Cure manifests itself in instantaneous and grateful relief. Cure begins from the first application. It is rapid, radical, permanent, economical, safe. Sanford's Radical Cure consists of one bottle of the Radical Cure, one box Catarrhal Solvent and an Improved Inhaler, price, \$1. POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., BOSTON.

ACHING BACKS.
Weak Backs, Pain, Weakness and Inflammation of the Kidneys, Shooting pains through the Loins, Hip and Neck Pains, Lack of Strength and Activity, relieved in one minute and speedily cured by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster, a new, original, elegant and infallible antidote to pain and inflammation. At druggists, 25c.; five for \$1; postage free. POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., BOSTON.

WHOLESALE and RETAIL.



JAS. M. KANE & BRO.

Have now in stock a new arrival of 125 BABY CARRIAGES. All new styles. \$3.00 carriages out down to \$2.50; \$5.50 down to \$5.00; \$9.00 to \$7.00; \$10.00 to \$8.00; \$12.00 to \$9.00; \$18.00 to \$12.00. All carriages out, as we must sell a large lot on hand to make room for still more of the same styles coming. Remember we have the exclusive sale of the Whitney Carriage, the best and cheapest in the world. Our stock of bird cages, boys' wagons, velocipedes, tricycles, FISHING TACKLE, Baskets, albums, knives of all kinds, pocket books, traveling satchels and hand bags, dolls and toys of all kinds. Goods new, stock immense. SEE our prices before buying.



JAMES M. KANE & BRO.,
24 Calhoun Street.
May 7-1m.

WALL PAPER!
At the lowest prices ever named.
GOLD PAPER!
From 12c. to \$5 a roll. All other grades equally as low.

WINDOW CURTAINS,
With Fixtures,
25 CENTS EACH.

The Cheapest Place to buy Goods is at
Keil Bros.
56 CALHOUN STREET,
April 17-60-1m.

A POSITIVE
Cure without
any pain
the most obstinate cases in four days or less.
Allan's Soluble Medicated Bougies.
Non-painful doses of cathartics, copaiba or oil of sandalwood that cure certain prostatic dyspepsia by destroying the causes of the disease. Price \$1.50. Sold by all druggists or mailed on receipt of price. For further particulars send for circular. E. C. B. LEE, 125 John St., New York.

CURE.

SOME UTAH LADIES.

MORMON WOMEN WHO DECLARE THEY BELIEVE IN POLYGAMY.

They Look as Though They Might Really—Three of the Leading Female Lights of Mormondom—The Saints Storm Congress.

Having exhausted every other resource, the Mormons are now endeavoring to put their women forward to bolster up the tottering pillars of polygamy. They wish to demonstrate that their great truth is true because the women believe in it, which does not follow at all. Indeed, the tough old Brighamites themselves are not so sure as to teach so much importance to the opinions of women.

A delegation of doubled and twisted wives recently pleaded their polygamous cause (caws) before the judiciary committee of the house of representatives at Washington. Of these, the alleged intellectual one was Sister E. B. Wells.

This lady's mouth turns down at the corners. She is said to be very sallow and to wear a yellow streamer about her neck, which makes her look more sallow still. But she is an editor. She edits The Woman's Exponent of Salt Lake, though what it exposes is not clear. Sister E. B. Wells ought to be ashamed of herself to go before congress and advocate such a one-sided cause as the plurality of wives. If the saints allowed plurality of husbands, too, there would be some squareness in their iniquity. But they don't. They punish with death the wife who presumes to look with favorable eyes upon anybody but the bald-headed old duffer in whom she has a sixteenfold interest. A woman who would stand for the saints under such circumstances has earned the contempt of her sex. Sister Wells is also a lecturer, and president of a grain association.

Sister Ferguson and Sister Richards are the other ladies who are in Washington advocating the many-wived cause. Sister Ferguson is the wife of a doctor, and looks like a fortune teller or some other weird and sloppy creature. The third lady on the committee to congress is Mrs. Richards, a youngish woman, who looks like what his majesty King George IV. said his wife Queen Caroline did.

Sister Snow is not one of the delegation to congress, but she is probably the best known by name of Mormon women. The lady looks like a fortune teller or some other weird and sloppy creature. The third lady on the committee to congress is Mrs. Richards, a youngish woman, who looks like what his majesty King George IV. said his wife Queen Caroline did.

Sister Eliza R. Snow. Those are the writer's exact words. There is the Society of the Young Ladies' Mutual Improvement Association of the Church of Jesus Christ of the Latter Day Saints. Throughout the world. There again is the Primary Association for the Spiritual Education of the Children of the Church of Jesus Christ of the Latter Day Saints; and again we have the Primary Association of the Salt Lake State of Zion. These are only a few simple ones. Of all these, collectively, in the lump, as it were, Sister Eliza R. Snow is the head. Her title is "President of Women's Organizations of the C. of J. C. of L. D. S." For the meaning of this string of initials, see a few steps back. Sister Eliza used to write poetry, but now she has settled down into a mild old lady of the type that wears a rusty black velvet and lace headress to hide a bald spot. She looks like the ideal benevolent grandmother, whose mission is to administer catnip tea to babies and lap them in hot red flannel.

Come we now to Sister S. M. Kimball. She has a square jaw, a lop ear and a turn-up nose. She is the kind who looks as if, as a first wife, she could make it hot for the wives who came after her. The others have a sort of put-upon, subdued look, but not Sister Kimball. She appears to the Gentile eye as one who knows her rights, and, knowing, dares. Sister S. M. Kimball maintains. As Sister Snow is president of the W. O. of C. of J. C. of L. D. S., so Mrs. Kimball is secretary of the same. She looks as though she could do it if the thing had twice as many initials.

The hearing of the Mormon question in Washington attracted much attention from the inhabitants of the gay capital. Young women and old sat hour by hour in the committee rooms, listening to the testimony. When Dr. Mary Walker will marry. Now, I would not think it any particular favor if half the men in the United States should ask me to be their wife. I have had men, intelligent and wealthy men, come to me and say: "Dr. Walker, I respect you; I respect your intellect and your good sense, and I believe if you only dressed like other women I would love you and ask you to be my wife." Well, do you know what I told them? I said: "There are plenty of women in the world who dress just as you want them to; go and marry them." I don't want any one to marry me for my clothes, or because when I am dressed up, I look well. If I am married it must be from the highest motives. —From a recent interview.

One of the President's Fancies. Ever since he first took possession of the White House Mr. Cleveland has manifested great interest in the blushing brides and grooms who wander through the stately rooms hand and hand, happier than they ever have been before or ever will be again. The president is not over fond of babies—he may come to that after a while—but he loves to gaze upon the examples of marital bliss who come to see what a great and good man he is.—Washington Letter.

Louise Michel seldom speaks in public now, and when she does she is more kissed than cheered.

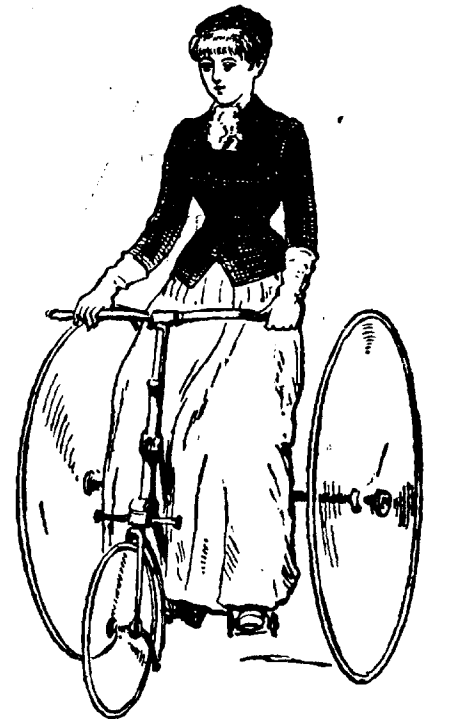
A BICYCLE SHOW.

SKETCHES OF FAVORITE TRICYCLES AND TANDEMS.

Latest English Improvements in Cycling Machines—Why Not Cycling Vacation Parties?—Tour Through Italy Upon a Tandem—Healthful Pleasure.

Every year there is a bicycling show in England. It is given under the auspices of the Stanley Bicycling club, and is called the Stanley show. It is a great event. England is the most enthusiastic bicycling country in the world.

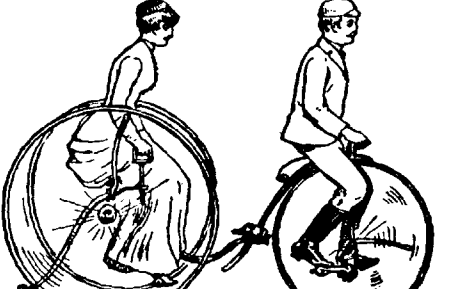
To a slight extent cycling has taken the place of the old stage coach. It is a healthful and beautiful recreation. Ladies there patronize the tricycle far more than they do in this country. Rural tours of ladies and gentlemen on bicycles and tricycles have been planned and carried with great success and enjoyment. Why do we not do the same thing in America? Coaching has become tiresome, for hunting has died a natural death, and the fashionable world is put to its wit's end to devise something new where-with to amuse itself. A summer rural tour of a cycling party, made up of both sexes, would be charming.



THE TRICYCLE.

Trundling over the roads upon tricycles and bicycles, their cheeks aglow with the exercise, their eyes bright with health and the pure air, our people on such a summer vacation might actually learn something about their own country. (I suppose as far as local history of our own country goes we are about as ignorant a lot as ever pointed with pride to heroic ancestors.)

Mr. Joseph Pennell, artist and literary man, describes, in the last number of Outing, the Stanley show. His pictures have been redrawn and engraved from that lively magazine for our purpose here. His sketch deals with the latest and best improvements in cycle mechanism in England. He finds the greatest improvements have been made of recent years in tricycles. An objection has been made to bi and tri-cycling that it is unsocial, that only one fellow can ride off in a grumpy way by himself, like one of those detestable fast horse men in a single-seated wagon. But that has been changed. A double tricycle has been invented. All the world can now take its girl cycling along with it upon its steel steed. You can see how it is done.



THE TANDEM.

This social machine is called the tandem tricycle. In some of them the lady sits in front, in others behind. The tandem will be something new in America, where for some reason ladies do not take kindly to the tricycle. It would attract more attention than would be pleasant in the cities, but in the country it would be just the thing. Many a time, on the farm, it would obviate the necessity of taking a horse from needed work and harnessing him to a buggy or wagon. When I get that home in the country for which I've been pining ever since I have lived in a city and done newspaper work, I mean to have a tricycle, and ride to the post-office, three miles away, upon it. See if I don't! The postoffice shouldn't be a foot nearer than three miles away, either.

The tandem, and indeed many of the bicycles and tricycles, have rests and supports to which baggage may be strapped, and the tourists are thus enabled to take a tooth brush and a change of clothing with them. The ideal journey of this kind was taken by Mr. Pennell himself, accompanied by his wife. It was a tour through Italy, that described in The Century.

When, at the end of their tour, Mr. Pennell and his wife arrived upon their cycle at the city of the Caesars, they were fined ten francs for "furious riding on the Corso."



THE TOURISTS.

It will be a gratification to cyclists in this country to have the writer say that he is sure the favorite American make of machine could have held its own with the British manufacturers. He also says there are rumors over the water that the coming cycle is to make a mile in less than two minutes. Over 500 cycles were exhibited at the Stanley show, 400 different varieties. The steering and brake apparatus of a tandem should be controlled by one person. One of the latest and best improvements of a bicycle and tricycle connected. Dwarf, or so-called safety bicycles, are pronounced a delusion and a snare.

SARAH KINE.

THE LICK OBSERVATORY.

A Californian's Monument Gift to the Cause of Science.

It is but right that a successful merchant should on dying see to it that his wealth should be distributed among the people from which he collected it, and in the state whose government protected him in the acquisition of that wealth. So thought the late James Lick, one of the most distinguished old misers of California. "James Lick was a Pennsylvania by birth and a piano and organ maker by trade. He began business life in Philadelphia away back in 1820, this he carried on successfully and successfully in Baltimore, Md., Buenos Ayres and Valparaiso, South America, and California. He reached this last place in the early days of 1847, 'getting in' on the floor of the stock exchange in Wall street, in speaking of one who gets a big hold of an enterprise on the start. Old Lick kept cautiously hoarding and increasing his pile until it amounted to some \$4,000,000 in 1874.

"And then a wonder came to light" in the shape of a trust deed by which he conveyed all of this fortune to a board of trustees to be divided among public charities and for the erection of valuable scientific institutions.

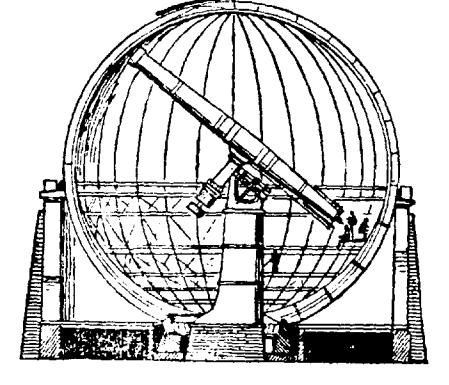
Among the other bequests was one of \$700,000 for the construction and equipment of an astronomical observatory for the University of California. This was a pet project with the donor. He even selected the site for the buildings, and expressed a desire to be buried near them. His wish is to be gratified, as it is intended to chisel a vault out of the solid rock under the pier which will support the great telescope, and here, twenty-five miles from civilization on a lonely mountain top 4,285 feet above the sea, will be the solitary grave of the man who was a reclus in life.

The spot selected for the observatory site is the summit of Mount Hamilton, fifty miles south of San Francisco. The Federal government owned the land and congress made a grant of all the land embraced within a circle one mile below the summit. A road over twenty miles in length has been constructed from the nearest settlement at a cost of \$75,000.



VIEW OF THE OBSERVATORY COLONY.

Work was begun on Lick observatory in 1880, the first being done to cut off the apex of the peak thirty-one feet so as to form a flat surface on which to construct the buildings. Our illustration from a photograph shows the present appearance of the work, but it conveys no idea of the amount of labor it was to get them there. All the building material, tools, food, water and workmen had to be hauled from the valley below. There are already erected the observatory proper, which is a building 87 feet in length, and three other buildings for various other observations. It was a big undertaking and it is now only waiting the arrival of the great telescope to be completed.



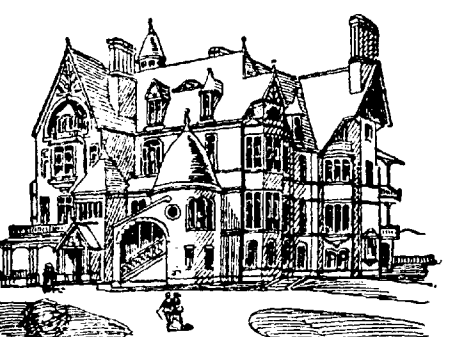
THE GREAT DOME AND TELESCOPE.

This is the building that will be the center of attraction for astronomers and scientists the world over. It will be "the most powerful telescope yet made," as ordered in Mr. Lick's trust deed. It will contain a thirty-six inch objective, the largest ever attempted and the largest the great telescope makers, Alvan Clark & Sons, of Cambridgeport, Mass. The next largest objective, measuring thirty inches in diameter, has recently been finished by the same firm for the government of Russia. At the time of Lick's death the largest telescope in existence was the one in the Naval observatory at Washington, D. C., which has a twenty-six inch objective, and Lord Ros's great six-foot reflecting telescope in Ireland. The imperial government of Austria has just constructed a very powerful telescope with a twenty-seven inch objective, but it is the intention of the trustees of the Lick observatory to keep ahead of the world in the power of their telescope.

The dome is well shown in this sectional plan presented herewith. It will weigh fifty tons, being probably seventy feet in diameter, though this cannot be determined until the polishing of the objective is completed and its focal length is found. This, it is hoped, will be accomplished this year, and two years later this country can proudly claim the best equipped astronomical observatory in existence.

A ST. LOUIS CLUB HOUSE.

A Building For the Accommodation of Lovers of the Turf.



ST. LOUIS JOCKEY CLUB HOUSE.

The St. Louis Jockey club is one of the institutions of the city, and is now building a club house which will be one of the attractions to the visitor. It is a beauty, architecturally, of the Queen Anne style, and is to cost \$50,000. The entrance to the building is from the side shown in the illustration, though the front proper faces the race track and contains two broad piazzas, from which an extensive view of the whole course may be had. Though these porches will be an important feature on racing days, it is to the social features of the club that architect Thomas Walsh has devoted most of his skill. There are large and small parlors and cosy little private dining rooms, an ample restaurant, billiard rooms and bowling alleys, gymnasium and all the appointments of a well regulated club house, with the additional creditable feature that unusual pains have been taken to render the building attractive to the wives and families of the members.

GROVER'S BRIDE.

HER GENUINE PORTRAIT.

How An Enterprising Reporter Secured the True Portrait of Grover's Bride.



MISS FOLSOM.

BUFFALO, April 27.—When the roses come again it is said the president is going to be married. Our readers may have the pleasure of knowing that they see here an authentic likeness of his girl-bride, Miss Frances C. Folsom, of this city. Some of her pictures have already been published, but it is said that her indignant friends are hunting the artist that made them, with a shotgun and three detectives. If I tell you how a New York paper got hold of one picture of the lady, you must never, never reveal it. There was an elderly gentleman who was an intimate friend of the Folsom family. In true girly-girly style Miss Frances, in exchanging vows of eternal friendship with Mr. Blank's people, had given them her photograph. When it was announced that she might become Mrs. President Cleveland in the time of the June roses, this respectable gentleman was so set up over the presence of her fair portrait in the family album that he had to go and tell of it. But he wouldn't let a blamed reporter have it. No, never! It was always nosing into people's private affairs, the press was, and it was a shame and an outrage.

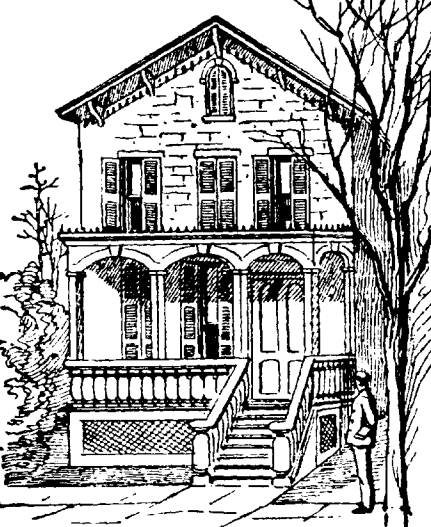
An insinuating newspaper young man heard of the boast. By his persuasive tongue, by alternate bulldozing and coaxing he got the respectable citizen to show him the picture. Then, alas! they adjourned to a gilded gin palace to talk over the enormity of the practices of newspaper reporters who turn reputable private persons inside out and put their pictures in the newspapers.

"Shall I tell you the rest? Alas for Spartan incorruptibility! In an hour of pleasant conversation on the wickedness of the press, the eminent citizen became so blind intoxicated that he would have given away the story of how he was caught by a bunco man, if the fascinating youth had asked for it."

Next Sunday Miss Folsom's picture appeared in the great metropolitan journal. That was a bad young man, no doubt, but he was a smart one. How, for instance, did we get the picture which here appears? I will tell you a way in which it might have been got. When the rumor of the coming marriage was first "wired over the country," as the newspapers say, a telegraphic dispatch was received at a certain office I know of, as follows, to wit:

"Reporter of New York—here; has secured a photograph of Miss Folsom. Will let me have it instead of sending to his own paper if I pay him \$—-. Shall I?"

The rest of the story you don't want to know.



MISS FOLSOM'S BIRTHPLACE.

The pretty stone house, No. 478 Franklin street, in which Miss Folsom was born, is shown in the illustration. While our artist was making this sketch he says that an old maid with corkscrew ringlets sidled up to him to volunteer this: "So you're sketching Frankie's birthplace, are you? Well, my opinion is Grover 'dort to marry the mother, not the girl."

The matter of pictures of Miss Folsom is with her lady friends a particularly gossiping hobby. They all claim to have one, but the funny thing about it is that they can never be prevailed upon to show it. There is a story now that Miss Folsom, during her stay in Washington a few months since, had six taken; that the president has one, Miss Gregg, of Buffalo, another, and a Buffalo lawyer the third. Where the rest are is not known, but they are said to be all carefully catalogued, and not one of them, if any exist, can be seen for love or money. Everybody claims that the one she had taken when she graduated from the Buffalo Central school is the only one that looks like her, and it is from this photograph that our engraving is made.

There is a craze for newspaper portraits at present, and photographs of prominent people will be got by the able journals at any cost. They do it merely to supply the demand among their readers for such illustrations and not with a fiendish desire to distress nice people. If the persons whose photos are wanted refuse to give them, then the next best thing is done by the newspapers, which is to get them some other way. The honorable ones often have a skillful artist steal upon the person unawares, and with a few lightning strokes, produce an outline sketch which is recognized at once. Newspapers have many other ways of getting portraits. In fact there is no such thing as their not being able to obtain one. Therefore, if a respectable view of the whole course may be had. Though these porches will be an important feature on racing days, it is to the social features of the club that architect Thomas Walsh has devoted most of his skill. There are large and small parlors and cosy little private dining rooms, an ample restaurant, billiard rooms and bowling alleys, gymnasium and all the appointments of a well regulated club house, with the additional creditable feature that unusual pains have been taken to render the building attractive to the wives and families of the members.

than to the frivolities of the dance, the racket and the kettle-drum.

She first attended, history says, the Buffalo high school, then graduated at Wells college, so she is fairly educated, as women's so-called colleges go, which is not very far. She was the star student of her class at Wells. She is a gentle, lovely girl, those who know her here say, quite good enough to be the wife of the best president that ever occupied the White House. She had a little romance in her life a few years ago. She was betrothed to a Mr. Charles Townsend, who concluded to be a preacher. After studying theology a while Charles decided he could not love her as he ought, and told her so. She released him. When she becomes Mrs. President, Rev. Charles will have a chance to chew the cud of bitter fancies.

When she was 15, Miss "Frankie" presided over a booth at a fair in Buffalo, and in a vote of 15,000 won the first prize for her beauty and amiability. The Folsom family is one of the oldest in America, dating back to 1638.



NORTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, BUFFALO.

It was at this church the family attended when Miss Frances took the prize for beauty. All of us in America must wish that this fair girl will be happy. ELIZA ARCHARD.

GRILLED marrow is a supper dish much liked by the epicurean New Yorkers. They extract the marrow from the bones by means of a long spoon shaped like a gouge, which is made especially for the purpose, and it is then eaten, seasoned with salt and pepper, upon slices of fresh white bread.

JUDGE BASKIN, of Utah, is authority for the assertion that George Q. Cannon has skipped the country, and has left his friends to pay the bail bonds. Cannon was thought to be worth about \$1,000,000, but Judge Baskin says he is not worth \$20,000, though he has charge, to a certain extent, of the church revenue, amounting to \$50,000 a year. Two of Cannon's bondsmen paid to the court \$25,000 of bail money for him, and the probability is that they will never see this money again.

The Root of the Evil.

To thoroughly cure scrofula it is necessary to strike directly at the root of the evil. This is exactly what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, by acting upon the blood, thoroughly cleansing it of all impurities, and leaving not even a taint of scrofula in the vital fluid. Thousands who have been cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, testify to its wonderful blood-purifying qualities. Sold by all druggists.

E. W. Parks, captain of the Rome City steamer, will accept of the captaincy of the steamer Little Daisy on the Big Eagle lake, at Warsaw.

They're Not Sorry.

There is one thing nobody ever regrets—that is the day they first adopted Parker's Tonic as their regular family medicine. Its range is so wide, and its good effects so sure, that nothing else, except good nursing, are needed in a great majority of cases. Buy it, try it, and afterwards it will not require any praise from us.

One of the attractions on the lake during Island Park assembly, will be riding a bicycle on the lake. This is no humbug, but will be done.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

The Knights of Pythias are preparing for a big celebration at Seymour Saturday, June 5.

A Sad Case of Poisoning.

is that of any man or woman afflicted with disease or derangement of the liver, resulting in poisonous accumulations in the blood, scrofulous affections, sick-headaches, and diseases of the kidneys, lungs or heart. These troubles can be cured only by going to the primary cause, and putting the liver in a healthy condition. To accomplish this result speedily and effectually nothing has been so efficacious as Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery," which has never failed to do the work claimed for it, and never will.

The store of Allman & Bash, of Huntington, was robbed by burglars Wednesday night.

Absolutely the best Porous Plaster ever made. The Hop Plaster is composed of fresh hops, balsams and gums. Weak back, side ache, sore chest and all pains are speedily cured by its use. Apply one. Only 25 cts. at any drug store.

WORTH THINKING ABOUT.

When your health is poor and you are suffering from general debility, get a bottle of NICHOLS' BARK AND IRON, it will help you.

ROOT & COMPANY.

Carpet Department

CARPETS!

CARPETS!

CARPETS!

You can get them of us in large variety,

CHOICE STYLES, GOOD QUALITIES

—AND—

At much lower prices than you can buy elsewhere.

Good Carpets at 50c.

Carpets at 60 c.

Carpets at 75c.

Choice Mattings.

Now is the time to put down a nice, clean, cool matting in your bed room.

Our Patterns Pretty.

Our Prices Low.

We make it the interest of every Carpet buyer to buy of us.

GET OUR PRICES.

ROOT & COMPANY

Pvke's Grocery,
80 Calhoun Street.

Virginia Jams, finest in the market.
Plum Puddings with Sauce.
Boneless Chicken Canned.
Potted Chicken and Turkey.
Salmon Spiced.
Baked Sweet Potatoes Canned.
Figs Preserved.
Fine Apple Shredded, something new.
Gotha Truffle Sausage.
Chipped Beef in Cans.
White Port Wine, strictly pure.
G. H. Mumma Extra Dry Champagne.
Virginia Jellies, warranted pure.
Aug. 15-17

Gasoline.

Vordermark sells the odorless and non-explosive IXL Gasoline. Orders will be promptly attended to by telephoning No. 126. apr29-1m

Store your stoves with Baals & Co., No. 59 East Main street. 14-2t

The Old Reliable Sportsmen's Headquarters of Max G. Wade, announce the arrival of a fine new and varied stock of fishing tackle, poles, minnow buckets, and in fact all the paraphernalia for a fishing trip. Go and see his stock before you make your purchases. 2t

SAY,

Do you Want Any

SIGNS?

If so, call on

W. S. HARRISON,

Not the only Practical, but one of the BEST SIGN PAINTERS in the city. Designs of any kind of work furnished on application. Prices far below any competitor. No. 27 Clinton street.

SIGNS!

tues thurs sat dsm

H. N. Goodwin's

DOUBLE STORE.

TEAS,
COFFEES,
CANNED FRUITS,
CANNED VEGETABLES,
CANNED FISH,
DRIED FRUITS,
CONNECTICUT MAPLE SYRUP,
ORANGES, LEMONS & BANANAS,
FRESH VEGETABLES, RECEIVED DAILY,
A Full Line of Extracts, Perfumery and Toilet Soap
Wood and Willow Ware.
124 Broadway.
April 9-17

Prints,
Muslins,
Ginghams,
Mosquito Nets,
Hosiery,
Gloves,
Corsets,
Ribbons,
Rushings, &c., &c.,
Also a fine line of Gents' Furnishing Goods.
126 Broadway.

Agent for Troy Laundry.

The People's Flour mill has turned out the following grist since May 1:
Daniel Stonecipher.
Fred Barhorn, 290 East Washington street.
S. Miller, 20 Hood street.
Patton Smith.
Mrs. Sarah Fleming, paper mills, second prize.
W. B. Daniels, Mayaville, Ind.
Were each presented with a half-barrel of flour by Sam, Pete & Max. See their immense stock and low prices.

The People's Watch factory has turned out the following grist since May 1st:
John Polson, Wayne township.
Ed Rosenberger, 134 Wallace street.
Captain J. H. Rohan, South Wayne.
Barney Mittendorf, 276 East Wayne street.

Fred Prange, Adams station.
Pat Ambrose, Lake township.
John Reed, 12 Sturgis street.
Were each presented with a reliable first-class silver watch by Sam, Pete & Max, who are showing the only spring stock at way down prices.

The Daily Sentinel

SATURDAY, MAY 15, 1886.

THE CITY.

Supt. W. W. Worthington and Mr. M. M. Whitman were at Indianapolis yesterday.

Henry Meyer, representing Wing & Mahsen, the architects, was at Delphos, Ohio, this week.

The metropolitan papers make favorable comments on the re-nomination of Hon. Robert Lowry.

John Powers, of this city, was at Decatur last week and W. H. Huntsman waited him to go to church.

The 10th of May is usually termed the danger line to fruit. It is now past the 10th, and the fruit has sustained no injury yet.

The clothing men have nearly all agreed to close their stores at 6 o'clock. If the agreement is signed by all dealers it will stick.

To those wishing to attend the musical festival at Cincinnati, Ohio, the G. R. & I. R. R. company will sell excursion tickets.

Justice Ryan yesterday afternoon fined William Ruder \$3 and costs for assault and battery on Christian Schaff. Ruder went to jail.

The graduating exercises of the Westminster Young Ladies' seminary will be held at the First Presbyterian church the first week in June.

About twenty-five active young republicans held an informal meeting last night and endorsed Hon. T. P. Keator as their choice for congress.

The State Association of undertakers will meet at the Denison house, Indianapolis, May 19 and 20. Mr. Jim Peltier will represent Fort Wayne.

Charles Frost was fined \$5 and costs by Mayor Muhler for taking a cow away from the pound master. Mr. Frost paid a total of \$14 for his sport with Mr. Muench.

Hon. O. P. Morgan and wife leave for the east to-morrow night to be absent a month. Mr. Morgan is one of the best business men in the west and every inch a gentleman.

The plenary council at Baltimore among other things declared that no Catholic could sell liquor on Sunday. This has been approved by the vatican and will be enforced.

Mr. Marsh Wines returned last night to Washington, D. C. Mr. Wines renewed his old acquaintances and made many new ones. He is a thorough gentleman and devoted friend.

"Frank Falzer, ex-marshal of Fort Wayne, and agent of the Christian Paper's tobacco works, of St. Louis, was in our city Wednesday, shaking hands with his many friends," says the Decatur Democrat.

Reid Northrop, president of the American Refrigerator Transit company, was in the city yesterday on official business. He reports the business of the company, which operates over the Wabash system, to have increased 140 per cent.

Miss Flora E. Spencer and Mr. Wm. L. Gardner, of Rapid City, Dakota, were married at Decatur Sunday morning. The ceremony was performed by Rev. T. Stabler, in the presence of the immediate relatives and guests from Fort Wayne and Burlington, Iowa.

"Miss Minnie Adams, Thomas Davis and sister, all of Fort Wayne, attended the commencement exercises Friday evening at this place and remained here over Sunday. While here they were the guests of Miss Vio Stone, one of the graduates. They were a lively trio and while here made many friends as well as acquaintances," says the Decatur Democrat.

Dr. Will Knapp left to-day for Rome City to join his family.

Andreas Goeglein and Christina Hene have been licensed to wed.

Mr. L. V. Poole left for Boston, via the Wabash, this morning.

Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Williams returned to New York City last night.

John McDonald, a drunkard, was sent to jail by the mayor for a spree.

Peter Harbor, of the Pittsburgh shops, is the happy father of a boy baby.

Ellen O'Hern was sent to the St. Joe hospital by Trustee Hilbrecht yesterday.

Mr. Will Douglas and family have returned home from Elkhart and Boston.

Conductor E. A. Sims, of the Grand Rapids and Indiana railroad, has resigned.

Col. J. I. White, secretary of the great Bass Foundry and Machine works, is in the city.

Next Monday evening occurs the regular meeting of the city Young Men's Christian association.

George F. Shutt will return to Las Vegas, New Mexico, next week. George denies that he is married.

Mrs. Welch, mother of Hugh Welch, was ordered by the mayor to pay her rent or vacate her home.

Dayton Alderman sues George Kronmiller on a note and contract. Morris & Barrett filed the complaint.

Supt. P. S. O'Rourke and a party of officials went over the Richmond road on an inspection tour yesterday.

Right Rev. Bishop Rademacher will lay the granite corner stone of St. Paul's new Catholic church to-morrow afternoon.

Mayor Muhler reprimanded the cement sidewalk man for neglecting to remove obstructions from the corner of Calhoun and Berry streets.

"Mrs. Frank Falzer and Miss Fanny Juliard, of Fort Wayne, were the guests of Delphos friends a few days last week," says the Delphos Herald.

The Russell & Morgan printing company has filed suit against M. N. Jacobs and Louis Heilbonner for \$205. W. P. Breen is counsel for the claimants.

Deputy Sheriff Clausmeyer and Schroeder raided the tramps yesterday and bagged seven of the gentry, who have been running things with a high hand in the west end of the city.

T. J. Nixon, the oldest conductor on the Grand Rapids and Indiana railroad, has left to attend the annual meeting of the Passenger Conductors' Insurance company of the United States.

Mr. Victor Kohler, of Kansas City, is here, and next Thursday he will wed Miss Vina More, of Washington township. Miss More is the accomplished daughter of Mr. Lucas More, a wealthy and successful farmer.

Albert C. F. Weichman sues William Moellerer for libel, demanding \$10,000. Colerick & Oppenheim and T. E. Ellison are attorneys for Mr. Weichman. This suit grows out of an alleged letter sent to Kendallville by Mr. Moellerer, charging Weichman with being a defaulter.

Christina Schuermacher sues her husband, Adam Schuermacher, for a divorce, \$500 alimony and the custody of a child. He is restrained from visiting Mrs. Schuermacher. Adam is abusive and is a boiler maker and hunter by trade. He is a well known character about town.

The suit brought against A. C. Krueger against F. H. Kanning is not the F. H. Kanning, of the Canning iron works. The case, however, will never come before the courts, as it has been settled in full. The defendant had no knowledge of the action brought against him and when notified promptly paid the claim.

The oldest engineers on the Fort Wayne roads claim that Tuesday and Wednesday and last nights were the most dangerous times for running trains that they ever experienced. They were blinded by the lightning and were liable at any moment to fall into a washout culvert or strike a tree blown across the track.

Mr. M. N. Webber has filed a suit of contest against George Ely, councilman from the Fourth ward. This is in addition to a petition for a recount of the ballots, which is set for next Monday. The contested election case will be heard by Judge O'Rourke, June 1. W. G. and P. B. Colerick and Colerick & Oppenheim are attorneys for Mr. Webber.

The general association of Congregational churches of Indiana commenced its twenty-eighth annual meeting at Elkhart Wednesday evening with an address by Rev. M. A. Hyde, of Indianapolis. Devotional exercises were led Thursday morning by Rev. E. A. Hazeltine, of Fort Wayne, after which a permanent organization was affected by the election of Rev. M. A. Hyde as moderator, and W. B. Knight, of Fort Wayne, as scribe. The calling of the roll showed a very fair attendance. Fort Wayne being especially well represented. Rev. E. A. Hazeltine and wife, Mr. John Gilbert and wife, Deacon B. H. Kimball, Dr. W. B. Knapp, William V. Douglas and wife and Mrs. W. B. Douglas answering to their names. The session was of great interest.

The rivers here are rising rapidly and the water is ugly.

The natural gas excitement is on the increase in Indiana.

Mr. Marshal Bond, of Cleveland, is the guest of his parents.

Hon. Robert Lowry will return to Washington to-morrow night.

Dan McLain, of East Washington street, won a barrel of flour at the Academy last night.

Sheriff Nelson brought Mrs. Fitch, of Maples, from the state insane asylum to-day. The lady is cured.

Last performance of Prof. Dierkes at the Academy. Some one will secure another barrel of flour for twenty cents.

The weather indications for Indiana are local rains, followed by fair weather; nearly stationary temperature and northerly winds.

The Knowles Company at the Academy all next week. Their new piece, "Odds and Ends" is spoken of as being unusually funny.

Dr. J. M. Dinnen was summoned from his bed last night to attend to people injured by the storm on the line of the Nickel Plate road.

Rt. Rev. Bishop Dwenger left to-day for Lagro, where to-morrow forenoon he administers confirmation. In the afternoon he will officiate at Wabash and will immediately thereafter return to Fort Wayne.

The young people of the Third Presbyterian church, to the number of 125, met with their pastor in the church parlor last evening. It was a most enjoyable occasion. In the course of the evening the young people presented their pastor with a handsome easy chair.

THE WAY TO CHURCH.

Remember the Sabbath Day and Keep it Holy.

Master Freddie Maguire will sing a solo at Trinity church to-morrow morning.

Dr. Yocum will preach at the Simpson M. E. church to-morrow at 10:30 a. m. All are invited.

The pastor and congregation of the Baptist church welcome all readers of the SENTINEL to services to-morrow at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Trinity church, Rev. W. N. Webb, pastor. Beginning with to-morrow Sunday school will meet at 9:30 a. m. Services at 10:45 a. m. and 7:45 p. m.

Dr. A. Funkhouser, president of the Union Biblical Seminary, Dayton, O., will preach at the U. B. church on East Lewis street to-morrow morning and evening. Everybody is invited to these services.

Services to-morrow at the Third Presbyterian church, David Kennedy, pastor, at 10:30 a. m. Subject, "Saving Faith." 2 p. m., bible school. Evening service, 7:45, "Confessing Christ." All are cordially invited.

Speaking of Trinity Episcopal church, Fort Wayne, the *Living Church*, published at Chicago, says: "The parish is in an exceedingly prosperous condition and has one of the finest church properties in the diocese."

Regular service in the First Presbyterian church to-morrow morning at 10:45 and 7:30 in the evening. Sabbath school at 9:30 in the morning instead of 2:30 in the afternoon. All are cordially invited to all these services.

Second Presbyterian church, West Berry street. Services at 10:30 and 7:45. Morning subject, "Christian Giving." Evening, "Trouble at the Remembrance of God." Sunday school at 2. You are welcome to all these services.

The gospel service at the R. R. Y. M. C. A. on Sunday, at 3:30, standard time, will take the form of a promise meeting. Gospel Hymns will be used and short talks given. Railroad and factory men especially invited to attend.

Sabbath morning and evening J. H. Good, D. D., will preach at Grace Reformed church, East Washington street. The doctor is president of the Theological Seminary at Tiffin Ohio, and was the predecessor of the pastor of Grace church. His evening subject will be the "Rights of Property." Come and hear him.

A welcome invitation is extended to all to attend the services, both morning and evening, at Wayne Street M. E. church to-morrow. Sunday school, at 2 m., is thrown open to all comers. Extensive arrangements are being made for a grand egg-breaking concert, to be given Thursday evening, June 10th.

Public services at the Berry street M. E. church, corner West Berry and Harrison streets, to-morrow at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., by the pastor, Rev. D. C. Woolpert. Subject for morning discourse, "A Colossus or a Pigmy." Evening, "The Mighty Wizard."

Four clerks wanted this evening at Kyle & Reid's new hat store, No. 80 Calhoun street.

Dr. Hartman, dentist, 27 Calhoun street, east side, between Main and Columbia.

Bargain Jersey Sale at the Bee Hive.

Dr. Hartman, dentist, 27 Calhoun street. 15 tf

When Do You Want to Vote?

If any of our people desire the polls to open at 6 o'clock on the day of the state and county election in November in any precinct of the county they must petition the board of commissioners at the June term of court. Upon the petition of twelve freeholders it must be granted. If any changes in a precinct are desired they must also be made in the same way and at the same time. No particular form is necessary in the petition only so that the board may understand what is desired.

The Jacobs Shoe Store has the best Seamless \$2 Men's Button and Congress Shoe in the city. 14-2t

Standard granulated sugar 7c per pound.

Standard confectioners A 6c per pound.

White extra C 6c per pound. YANKEE GROCERY.

There will be an entertainment at the Tivoli garden to-morrow afternoon, to which all are invited. Conveyances will be run from and to the grounds at short intervals.

Geraniums, 40c a dozen, at the City Green House. 23-tf

Notice of Election.

Notice is hereby given that the officers of the St. Joseph Catholic Benevolent association will be elected May 29, 1886, at 8 p. m. DAN'L KLOTZ, Sec. 15-22-29

Strawberries reduced 8c. Best quality 12c a quart. Pine Apples 25 cents each. FRUIT HOUSE.

Best butter, 12c a pound.

Cooking butter, 5c a pound.

Eggs, 9c a dozen. YANKEE GROCERY.

Store your stoves with C. A. Pickard & Co., 29 East Columbia street. 4-11t

Iowa steel barbed wire. Guaranteed. 5c a foot. Best steel at Seavey's. 11

The finest and cheapest at the City Green House. april23tf

Heavy Failure.

Thirty-five thousand dollars worth of clothing must be sold to satisfy the creditors. Sale Thursday, May 20, at 3 o'clock p. m., in room 3, Keystone block. 12-tf

Geraniums, 40c a doz., at the City Green House. april23tf

Call and examine the elegant line of gasoline stoves displayed by C. A. Pickard & Co., 29 East Columbia street. 4-11t

Pansies 35c a dozen at the City Green House. 23-tf

Butter reduced 5c.

New Grass Butter 12c.

Good Butter 8c.

Fresh Eggs per dozen 9c. FRUIT HOUSE.

Pansies 25c a dozen at the City Green House. 23-tf

Strike at Ward's Cheap Crockery Store.

Best Iron Stone China dinner plates, 70c per dozen.

Best Iron Stone China tea plates, 60c per dozen.

Best Iron Stone China cups and saucers, 70c per dozen.

Best Iron Stone China bowl and pitchers, 75c each.

Best Iron Stone China covered chamber, 60c each.

Good Lamp Chimneys, 3c each.

Decorated Chamber Sets, \$2.

Bargains in Glassware at half price. dit-wit

Notice.

The Board of Equalization of Allen county will meet at the room of the county commissioners at the court house in the city of Fort Wayne, on Monday, June 7th, 1886, for the purpose of equalizing the assessments of real and personal property of the different townships as returned by the assessors for the year 1886, and hearing all complaints in relation thereto. A. L. GRIZZEL, Auditor Allen County. w19&26 d15,22,25to29

The Time, To-Day. The Place, The Hoosier Shoe Store! Formerly W. H. Flemings, Calhoun Street, Opposite Court House. CHEAPEST PLACE

in the State to Buy

BOOTS and SHOES.

Lowest Prices in Men's Shoes from the Cheapest to the Best.

IT IS A FACT

that we offer Nice, Neat and serviceable Dress Shoes in Button or Congress and in the Latest Styles, at the small sum of \$2 and \$2.50. We sell Men's Solid, Warranted Working Shoes at \$1.25 to \$1.75. We surprise our trade and Paralyze our Competition with our low Prices in Boys, Youths, and Children's goods.

IT IS AN ADMITTED FACT

that we lead the trade with our lines of Fine Hand Sewed Shoes for both Gentlemen and Ladies, and display the Finest Makes in the market.

A Special Feature this week, is our

MARKED DOWN SALE OF MEN'S LOW CUT SHOES.

We have Knifed them deep and offer them at Reductions of 25 to 50 per cent. from regular prices. Hand Sewed and Machine Sewed of the best makes. Here are Nobby Summer Shoes at Decided Bargains.

We Offer a Regular Picnic in Prices of Walking Shoes and Slippers

in such a variety of Styles that all are pleased, and lookers always become purchasers.

REMEMBER,

it does not require big money to buy Good, Honest shoes. Our prices are down to meet the demands for serviceable goods at Moderate Figures. We have made a Special Effort to meet this demand and our goods are proof of our success. We are up with the Best in Style, Quality and Make of our goods, and right down below all Competition in prices.

THE HOOSIER SHOE STORE,

H. K. Parry, Proprietor.

The People's Stove Works and Harness Factory has turned out the following "grist" since May 1st:

W. H. Babcock, St. Joe township.

Was presented with a splendid Silver Mounted Buggy Harness.

W. H. Lininger, 70 Melita street, was presented with a first-class Cook Stove by Sam, Pete & Max, who are showing the only entire spring stock of Clothing, Hats, Caps and Furnishing Goods in the city, and at prices way below all competition.

m13-mfaw.4m.

Two pound cans corned beef 20c.
Three pounds cans tomatoes, 10c.
Three pound can pie peaches, 10c.
YANKEE GROCERY.

Ask for the Dodge \$2 Ladies Kid or Goat Button Shoes. Every pair warranted at the Jacobs Shoe Store. 14-2t

Bananas, 20c a dozen.

Bananas, extra large, 35c a dozen.

Pine Apples, extra large, 25c each.

Pine Apples, 20c each. YANKEE GROCERY.

Try our Teas at 50c per pound, and you will be convinced you can find no Tea better for the money.

STAR GROCERY, 254 Calhoun Street.

Staub Bros. are agents for Hot Air Furnaces, No. 16 East Columbia street. 24-mws

The Jacobs Shoe Store is the cheapest place in the city for reliable Boots and Shoes. All goods warranted. 14-2t

The Quick Meal and Crown Jewel Gasoline Stoves at Staub Bros. Store. 24-mws

Granulated Sugar, 7c per pound. Standard A Sugar, 7c per pound. STAR GROCERY, 254 Calhoun Street.

Store your Stoves with Staub Bros., No. 16 East Columbia street. 24-mws

Store your stoves with Baals & Co., No. 59 East Main street. 14-2t

Self Lighting Gasoline Stoves at Staub Bros., No. 16 East Columbia street. 24-mws

Smoked Meats.

Hams, 10c per pound.

Picnic Hams, 8c per pound.

Bacon (whole piece) 9c per pound.

Bacon (cut) 10c per pound.

Armour's Boneless Ham, 10c per lb.

Ham Sausage, 8c per pound. STAR GROCERY, 254 Calhoun Street.

Staub Bros. are headquarters for Gasoline Stoves and Refrigerators. 24-mws

Sewed Working Shoes, warranted, for \$1.25, at the Jacobs Shoe Store. 14-2t

Store your Stoves with Staub Bros., No. 16 East Columbia street. 24-mws

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

ESTABLISHED 1833.

SATURDAY EVENING, MAY 15, 1886.

PRICE THREE CENTS

DEATH!

Dealt Out by a Terrific Storm.

The Fort Wayne Express Encounters a Tree and Fifteen Passengers are Hurt.

A Dying Boy Rescued From a Tree—Four People Killed—Storm News.

A BAD NIGHT.

The Storm and its Ravages About Fort Wayne Last Night.

About 6 o'clock a light rain began falling here. After some hesitation it fell in sheets, and throughout the night continued a blinding rain storm, accompanied by thunder and lightning. The elements were not severe here, but just about as much havoc was wreaked. Telegraph wires were prostrated, trains delayed and many casualties reported. At Dunkirk the hurricane was fierce. Three frame and two brick houses were blown down, the water tank was pitched into the river, Mrs. Leese was instantly killed by the flying debris, and Wm. McElroy was crushed to death by his own house falling on him. Telephone messages come here for medical assistance, but there was no means of getting to the scene of disaster, as railroad travel was not only perilous, but well nigh impossible. Dr. W. H. and H. S. Meyers were summoned at 11:30, but could not respond. Many persons were injured and were then suffering untold agony.

THE PITTSBURGH EAST LINE WRECKED.

The Pittsburgh fast express, that left Fort Wayne at 8 o'clock last night ran into a pile of trees that were blown across the track two miles this side of Forest, Ohio. The train was running at lightning speed and crashed right through the obstruction, which shattered every window on one side of the train and injured severely fifteen passengers. One man, whose name is unknown, was struck in the face by a pane of glass and his right eye was cut from its socket as by a surgeon.

Engineer Nowell, of Douglas avenue, was on the Pittsburg engine and his face was scratched and cut by the limbs of the prostrate tree.

The name of the man who lost an eye and was hurt in the wreck on the Pittsburg and Fort Wayne road, is O. C. Bow, an attorney from Canton, Ohio.

Passenger train No. 42, of the Wabash, was delayed 4 hours this morning on account of high water near Attica. No wreck.

All telegraph service out of this city was repaired by noon.

There was a wreck or washout on the Richmond road at Decatur this morning, but the extent of the damage was not ascertained.

The Pan Handle bridge, on the line of the Muncie road, at New Castle, is expected to be swept away momentarily, and passengers are transferred on boats. The Muncie and Lake Shore roads both suffer from washouts.

AT NASHVILLE, TENN.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., May 15.—A terrific storm visited this place yesterday noon, doing considerable damage and causing the instant death of Sid Moore and son, who were struck by lightning as they were standing at the door of their home. The house took fire and was entirely consumed.

AT DAYTON, OHIO.

DAYTON, O., May 15.—The latest intelligence from throughout this county and the western section of Greene county only adds to the stories of destruction wrought by the tornado of Wednesday night. No place in this county has yet been heard from where property was not damaged to a great extent, but it is now established that no lives were lost in this section, although a great many persons in almost every locality were injured.

CHICAGO, May 15.—A special dispatch from Xenia, O., says that the funerals of the victims of Wednesday night's flood yesterday were attended by people from the country for miles around. The four hearse in the city and an undertaker's wagon were brought into use. The Morris family, seven in number, were buried by the Old Fellows. The Powell family, six in number, were buried from the mayor's office, from which place the other funerals, with a few exceptions, took place.

The spectacle of five hearses in one

funeral procession was a strange sight for our citizens. The search for bodies still continues, and three are known to be missing. A farmer found a boy lodged a few miles from here in a tree yesterday, with a broken wrist and leg. Here he had been since the flood, unable to move, and when recovered was so prostrated that he died in a few hours. Provisions and clothing are coming in sufficient quantities and all the destitute are lodged in the skating rink where the committee is doing good work.

THE CYCLONE AT FOREST.

FOREST, Ohio, May 15.—Last night at midnight a cyclone crossed the track of the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago railway two miles west of Forest. It blew down a tree, which scraped the side of the fast express east, injuring ten or twelve passengers, one of them seriously, his leg being broken and one eye put out.

The storm did great damage along the Blanchard river.

At Dunkirk, Ohio, William McElroy, a farmer, his two children and Mrs. Leese were killed in a house, which blew down, they being buried in the ruins.

Shortly after 12 o'clock the storm struck the town of Dunkirk, Hardin county. Dunkirk has a population of about 1,500 and was badly wrecked.

AT TOPEKA.

TOPEKA, Kan., May 15.—A destructive cyclone struck the northern part of this county yesterday and swept away a portion of the town of Meriden. About 10 o'clock in the morning a very black cloud came up suddenly from the southwest and sweeping through the eastern portion of the township, did its fearful work in almost a moment. Eighteen or twenty people were more or less badly injured.

STORM AT ST. LOUIS.

St. Louis, May 15.—About 6 o'clock last night the heaviest rain and wind storm of the year, and perhaps the heaviest rainfall that has occurred here for years, passed over the city. The rain was almost a deluge, and all the streets in the city were running streams.

AT WABASH.

WABASH, Ind., May 15.—The most violent wind and rain storm known here for years visited this section last night, blowing down trees and damaging the growing wheat. Railroad trains are delayed on the Cincinnati, Wabash and Michigan and also on the Wabash road. The water rendered the tracks unsafe for rapid running.

MORE WATER AT LAFAYETTE.

LAFAYETTE, May 15.—About 5 o'clock last evening a storm burst with an immense volume of rain, accompanied by lightning and a heavy wind. The latter injured and destroyed many shade and fruit trees. The rain continued for several hours and flooded everything.

Pearl river, the outlet for water from the eastern part of the city, was inadequate, and a volume of water swept down North, Perry and Tenth streets. The new improvements just completed on Perry street were swept away. Linwood and the northeastern part of the city are a mammoth lake, with houses rising out of the water here and there. The Wabash is still rising rapidly and will cover Brown street levee.

HOUSES DEMOLISHED.

COLFAX, Ind., May 15.—A cyclone struck this place about 6:15 last evening completely demolishing the residences of W. D. Clark, Sr., Isaac Dukes, James Leslie and Jasper Hill, and badly wrecking those of J. E. Milburn and G. W. Allison, and a house belonging to J. L. Reckard and occupied by John Thompson. Quite a number of barns and other buildings were blown away, but no person was seriously injured.

Attica, Ind., has appealed for aid.

FRED DECKER, better known as the "Ossian Giant," died at his home at Swains, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, recently, at the age of 66 years. During his earlier life he was seven feet two and a half inches in height and weighed 325 pounds. As he grew older he became round-shouldered, and at the time of his death he was but six feet eleven inches high.

A WISCONSIN lumberman was caught by a rolling log the other day and held so fast that he was unable to get away. He yelled in vain for help. While lying there a big bear came up to him. He drew his revolver and fired six shots, killing the bear, and these shots were heard by a lumberman, who went to see what was going on, and released the prisoner.

A LOCK HAVEN blacksmith named Bush the other day performed the feat of knocking himself down. He and a helper, the latter using a sledgehammer, were wading a piece of iron, when, by a miscalculation, he struck the helper's hammer, which flew up and hit him in the face, knocking him senseless. He recovered consciousness in two hours, but his beauty is spoiled.

A Triple Anniversary.

Monday, May 3, will be a memorable day in this neighborhood, it being the birthday of Mrs. Sarah A. Gorrell, Mr. Christopher Zeisand, a grandson of the latter, and Master Joseph T. Miller, aged respectively sixty-three, sixty-eight and fifteen years. Their friends met at the residence of Mrs. Gorrell to celebrate the event. There were just sixty-three persons in the party—one for each year of the hostess' age—and upon their arrival they presented the venerable lady with a number of substantial tokens of the esteem in which she is held. After a hearty supper the young people went to the residence of Mr. Miller and passed the evening in games, while the older people remained at Mrs. Gorrell's and had a very pleasant evening. The following were present:

Mr. Christopher Zeis, Mr. Wm. Zeis, wife and child, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Zeis, Mr. Rufus Zeis, wife and children, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Holt, Mrs. Ruth Perkins, Mr. Charles Zeis, Mr. and Mrs. C. Miller and children, Mr. and Mrs. U. F. Gorrell and children, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Ruppert and children, Mr. and Mrs. Michael Ohrenpenny, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Perkins and child, Mr. and Mrs. Clinton Swartz, Mr. and Mrs. James Kees and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Feigley and his mother, Mrs. Matilda Feigley, Mr. and Mrs. James Johnson, Mr. Joseph F. Miller, Mr. Wesley Zeis, Miss Maggie Johnston, Messrs. Ellsworth and Geo. Johnson, Miss Hattie and Mr. Harry Cummings, Messrs. Nellie and Lillie Ashton, Messrs. George and Joseph Ashton, Mr. Ed. DuVoll, Mr. Major Aeger, Messrs. Samuel and John Kees, Miss Tillie M. Perkins, Mrs. Sarah A. Gorrell and Mr. John Gorrell, Messrs. Cyrus and Elmer Gorrell, Miss Mattie M. Gorrell and Mr. Lloyd, of Hicksville, Ohio.

BLACK CHURCH CHURCH, Ind. May 14.

A Remarkable Case.

Yesterday afternoon our reporter had an interview with one of Dr. Blad's patients, a young man about twenty-eight years of age. His name is Solomon Rothgeb, who lives near Guar Creek. His sight began to fail without any apparent disease and gradually became so wholly blind that he was unable to distinguish the difference in objects large or small, or to recognize anything near or far. Finally he was placed in the hospital, and some of the best oculists who had him in treatment pronounced the recovery of his eyesight impossible. On the 19th of November last he consulted Dr. Blad, of this city, who gave the case immediately a very critical examination and found that it was a mechanical disease, palsy in the nerves, and also suspected some poisonous inoculation penetrated in the different coats of the eyes, which produced opacity. Notwithstanding, he took him for ten or fifteen days on probation to ascertain the real cause, and if successful to eradicate the poisonous action and bring relaxation in the nerves which have been stiff from stagnant blood that rotation was impossible, and refraction of the rays of light was the result. But the doctor succeeded in his daily effort and attention to bring the sight of this young man in such a happy condition that now he can see at any distance and read tolerably well without strain or fatigue, and no doubt remains between the doctor and his patient that in a very short time he will have better and stronger eyes than he ever had before, and we can safely say Dr. Blad is a very skilled and successful eye and ear surgeon, as his record shows many astonishing cures performed. We notice in particular one case among the many on file in most valuable papers in this and other states. One in the South Bend Register of November 16th, 1883, reads as follows:

LIVING EVIDENCE OF SKILL.

The attention of the Register has been attracted recently to two remarkable cures performed by the well known oculist, Dr. P. Blad, of this city, and they are of such a conspicuous character that not to notice them would be remissness of duty in a public journal. The first to which we refer is an actual restoration of sight to an eye apparently destroyed by violence. A young Swede by the name of Johnson, employed at the Oliver Chilled Plow works, was struck in the eye by a piece of steel, and two physicians who examined the injured member were of the opinion that it would have to be removed. The sight was destroyed and the eye so mutilated that no other course seemed possible. The young man, however, consulted Dr. Blad, who undertook to save the eye, and with such success that its appearance is restored and the sight is gradually returning.

The other case, while not of the same character, is no less remarkable. Mrs. Philip Boude, of West Market street, is a lady well known to many people in the county. She was suffering greatly from distichial ectropion of the right eye. There was considerable suppuration, discharging for months. Aside from the pain she suffered, she was told, before going to Dr. Blad, by other physicians, that she would have to have tubes inserted in the tear ducts. Dr. Blad took the case and treated it with such success that she was cured without having to use tubes. It took some time and the most delicate surgical treatment. But as two years have elapsed and there has been no return of the trouble, the case is a genuine one.

Such evidences as these of Dr. Blad's treatment of diseases and injuries to the eye speak for themselves. The numerous mentioned are living witnesses, and gladly testify to the great results he has accomplished in their cures.

BLOOD!

Will Alone Solve Home Rule.

Its Opponents are Arming and Organizing for a Most Desperate Resistance Everywhere.

A Meeting is Mobbed, But Defeat Stares Grand Old Gladstone for a Time Only.

GREAT STRIFE.

England and Ireland Aroused on Home Rule.

LONDON, May 15.—During a meeting of the Patriotic union, at Southwark, last evening, the speakers' platform was stormed by a mob and a free fight ensued, in the course of which one man was stabbed.

At a meeting of the Belfast anti-rebels yesterday, arrangements were made to hold a convention of loyalists in the near future. Letters from England were read, offering armed resistance.

Mr. Gladstone has received from the mayors of several American cities cable dispatches containing resolutions of approval of his Irish policy adopted at meetings in their respective cities.

The Daily News says: "The importance of Lord Hartington's meeting yesterday lies in the evidence that all of Mr. Gladstone's liberal opponents are united. It is hopeless to try to annihilate Mr. Chamberlain. It simply remains to persevere with the second reading of the home rule bill with the almost certain prospect of defeat. The withdrawal of the bill would be practically worse than defeat. The country will either sanction home rule or we shall endure a period of Tory government, during which the liberal seeders will become reconciled to home rule, which will be sanctioned on the next appeal to the country. The connection of Mr. Chamberlain and Lord Hartington destroys the chance of a whig-conservative coalition. Everything points to a dissolution of parliament early in the coming summer."

The Standard says that Lord Hartington and Mr. Chamberlain have agreed upon a course of action to secure the defeat of the home rule bill and also upon their future policy.

The Orangemen of Australia have sent a cable dispatch to the loyalists of Ireland promising to aid them in their endeavors to prevent the adoption of Mr. Gladstone's home rule scheme.

Bartley Campbell.

NEW YORK, N. Y., May 15.—The physicians will hold a consultation to-morrow on the case of Bartley Campbell, who is now confined in Bellevue Hospital. If he is declared insane he will probably be removed to the Bloomingdale asylum. He exhibits the utmost good nature, and expresses no desire to leave at liberty. He said yesterday: "People say I am crazy, but I have the finest intellect of them all." He talks considerably of his future plans, says he has a number of troupes on the road, and will make lots of money this season.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—The following nominations have been confirmed by the senate: Postmasters, H. M. Cook, Michigan City, Ind.; H. Freygang, Angola, Ind.; S. L. Major, Shelbyville, Ind.; J. M. Jones, Cambridge City, Ind.; C. A. Thibault, Vevay, Ind.

Henry P. Severius, United States judge for the western district of Michigan.

The house has passed a bill establishing a sub-treasury at Louisville.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—On motion of Mr. Perkins, of Kansas, a bill was passed in the house authorizing the Kansas & Arkansas Valley railroad company to construct a railway through the Indian Territory.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, May 15.—Wheat, @ 90c lower, and fairly active. No. 2 red, June, 88 1/2 @ 89 1/2. Corn, higher; Western 38 @ 40c. Oats, unchanged and quiet; Western at 38 @ 40c.

CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, May 15.—Wheat, steady; June, 76 1/2, July 77. Corn, strong and higher; June, 37 1/2, July, 37 1/2. Oats, steady; June 25 1/2.

HOME TALENT.

Fort Wayne Crooks Plead Guilty.

The prisoners were arraigned in the federal court at Indianapolis yesterday morning, and pleas of guilty were entered by the following for the offenses indicated: Samuel Ward, Fort Wayne, counterfeiting; John Bentz, Decatur, opening letters; James Barnes, impersonating a postman officer; George W. Phillips, Fort Wayne, counterfeiting; Joseph McDermott, Fort Wayne, stealing letters from a postoffice. Bentz was fined \$10 at costs, but the others were not sentenced. They will get a year or two each.

NEWS AND POLITICS

Picked up Around Fort Wayne About People We Know.

Nathaniel S. Bates, the Wayne county wife murderer, has been sentenced to be hanged on Thursday, August 26.

The gambling houses of Jeffersonville are said to be thriving, the greater part of their patronage coming from Louisville.

George Miller, a colored boy at Jeffersonville, had a leg broken in two places by a piece of coal thrown by a playmate.

An infant of John Pfeiffer, of Terre Haute, was smothered to death by its father, who, in a restless sleep, threw his arm across the child's face.

On the 20th the conductors will give a picnic at Lake Maxinknocke. The Vandavia will send twenty coaches to Logansport to accommodate the large number that desire to attend.

While Willie Killan, of Rockport, was handling a toy cannon, it was accidentally discharged, the ball taking effect in the forehead of his little brother, Pius, just above the right eye. It is thought not to be a serious wound.

Grasshoppers have appeared in Adams county in great quantities. They are very small yet, but are doing vast damage to the young clover. The oldest settlers here say they never saw the grasshopper in such quantities at this season of the year.

Captain W. R. Myers, who some time ago announced himself as a candidate for the democratic nomination for congress in the Indianapolis district, has decided not to allow his name to go before the convention for reasons that are purely personal.

The Baltimore & Ohio telegraph company yesterday completed the extension of its telegraph line to Lafayette. The business men of Lafayette have given the line warm welcome, both on account of the excellent line constructed and a reduction of telegraph rates averaging 80 to 60 per cent.

Governor Gray says that as there are grounds for the belief that Attorney-General Hord will soon recover his mental vigor, no steps will be taken to vacate his office, as his son, W. B. Hord, is the deputy, and is authorized, as well as qualified, to perform its duties. The governor doubts whether there is any authority by law to declare the office vacant under the circumstances.

A reunion of the alumni of the Indiana deaf and dumb institute will be held at Indianapolis August, and the attendance of 300 graduates is anticipated. At the same time the alumni expects to entertain the eastern teachers on their way to the California convention, so that the reunion will probably be held during the first week of the month named.

LOCAL LINES.

Col. C. A. Zollinger is in the city.

W. D. Gordon was in the city last night from Pittsburg. He spent a few hours with his parents and left for Chicago.

The manhole in front of Goodwin's dry goods store became stopped up last night and the water flooded Mr. Goodwin's cellar.

All the Catholic societies of the city will attend the corner stone laying of St. Paul's new Catholic church to-morrow afternoon. The public is invited to witness the ceremonies.

Charles Carnahan, of Lafayette, ex-conductor of the Wabash, is just recovering from a severe attack of rheumatism, which has confined him to his room for nearly a year past.

The uniformed members of Catholic Knights will meet at Library hall Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock prompt, to participate in the ceremonies of the corner stone laying of the new St. Paul's Catholic church.

These deaths occurred this week: Clara Bierbaum, aged 5 years, scarlet fever; Fred Fiegel, 42 years, paralysis; Samuel Thompson, 23 years, consumption; John Larwill, 14 years, consumption; M. F. Zahn, 4 years, spasms; Michael Kennedy, 64 years, paralysis; J. Crooks, 61 years, exhaustion and Eugene Trout, 63 years, consumption.

At the request of a number of judges and lawyers of the state, made to him as late president of the state bar association, Mr. A. W. Hendricks has called a meeting of lawyers practicing in the supreme court, to be held in the supreme court room at Indianapolis, on Tuesday, the 25th inst., at 2 o'clock p. m. The purpose of the meeting is to devise the best plan practicable for relieving the supreme court of its constantly accumulating business.

LABOR!

How the Labor Strife Progresses.

The Old Firemen are to be Reinstated On the Missouri Pacific Railroad.

Forepaugh's Circus Trains Crash Together, and Inflict Great Damage to the Show.

KNIGHTS OF LABOR.

The Work of the Strikers Today.

St. Louis, May 15.—The grievance committee of locomotive firemen called, with Chief F. P. Sargent, yesterday upon Superintendent Kerrigan, of the Missouri Pacific railroad. The latter accepted the recommendations of the grievance committee and has agreed to reinstate the firemen discharged during the late Knights of Labor strike.

St. Louis, May 15.—The 250 employees of the N. K. Fairbank & Co.'s lard and soap factory in this city, a branch of the Chicago establishment, have returned to work at old rates.

ILLEGAL STRIKE.

PITTSBURGH, May 15.—At a meeting of the district executive board of the Knights of Labor last night, the bakers strike was declared illegal and the men ordered to return to work. The employers have consented to the twelve hour arrangement, but reserve the right to say whether the men shall work during the day or night.

A BAD WRECK.

Two Sections of a Circus Train Crash Together.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., May 15.—Shortly after midnight at Port Dickerson, on the Syracuse and Binghamton division of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western road, two sections of the train with Forepaugh's circus on board, met with an accident which resulted in the serious injury of seven men and the destruction of circus property. The first section while going up a grade broke in two and the detached portion ran down and collided with the second section, ditching it.

The school enumeration at Evansville, just completed, shows 17,505 persons between the ages of six and twenty-one years, of whom 1,519 are colored.

LOUIS HART, of Pittsburgh, is well known there as "The Little Chief." Whenever there is an alarm of fire, the boy, clad in the garb of a fireman, is always seen dashing to the burning building. He is almost a monomaniac on matters pertaining to the fire department, and knows more about the department than most of the firemen. He can do what every member of the department confesses himself unable to do, and that is, to be given the number of a box, and then tell its exact location and what engines will respond to the alarm from it. Time and again, when in an engine-house, this test has been made, and young Hart could never be deceived. He keeps posted on every new box. In his room he has fixed up several wires and gongs, and often enjoys himself in practicing on them. So far has his fire department proclivities gone that it is his great desire to have a wire run to his house and a gong placed therein, that he may hear each alarm of fire. He knows every fireman and frequents every engine-house.

CONSUL GENERAL ABAMSON warns laborers not to go to Panama. There is much sickness there and wages are not high. There has been but little work done on the line of the proposed canal for a month past, excepting at four or five points, and now the work at two important points is slackening. The rainy season has set in, and from this time to December 1 the work can not be pushed. There are a great many unemployed men all along the line.

Special Sale

of Jerseys. Grant Bargains. The Best Hivo-Stout Jersey on Sale 300 Handsome Jerseys To Close Out At Startling Prices. Notice. Our \$4.00 Jerseys, sold at \$2.50. Our \$2.50 Jerseys, sold at \$1.75. Our \$2.00 Jerseys, sold at \$1.25. Remember, at these prices a Ready Sale is Assured, and You must come early to secure sizes and best selection. M. FRANK & CO., 62 and 64 Calhoun Street.

The year 1824 marks the day when 2.40 was considered a remarkable trotting record for a mile. Maud S, the present champion, came to the front in 1880 with 2.10, while her record is now 2.03. Sporting men claim that the horse will yet be bred which can go a mile in two minutes, while others hold that Maud S's time cannot be beaten.

Not less surprising than this rapid reduction in the trotter's time is the speed with which Athlophoros has grown into public favor. As a single instance of its efficacy may be mentioned the case of Mr. W. D. Murphy, of No. 310 Yandes street, Indianapolis, Indiana, who tells this story:

"I first contracted rheumatism in the war, in which I served four years and six months. After returning from service the disease seemed to assume a periodical form. I would have at least two attacks every year, and between these attacks I would suffer all the time. Often I could not walk or get out of bed, and the disease would catch me in the legs, so that while standing I would feel as if I were about to fall. It was one afternoon that I took my first dose of Athlophoros, and then at night I took another. I slept soundly that night. The next morning when I awoke I had no pain. I took a few doses more, but in all used only about two-thirds of a bottle before my rheumatism was gone. That was over a year ago, and since then I have had only a slight twinge. So great is my confidence in Athlophoros that I have recommended it to many different people. Among them is a Mrs. Wright, a lady seventy years old, who was entirely rid of all her pain by the medicine after suffering from rheumatism for fifteen years. In every instance it gave entire satisfaction."

Mr. R. Foster, a dealer in furniture at No. 320 Main St., Terre Haute, Ind., who tells the following:

"I have used Athlophoros with the very best satisfaction. I had neuralgia for years, and used about every medicine for it without obtaining any relief until I began taking Athlophoros. I was told of the remedy by a friend who bought a bottle of it for me, and I took some that same night. The next day I was as free from pain as if I had never had neuralgia. I went out and spent several hours in a walk which the day before would have been misery to me. During the summer months I am never troubled with neuralgia, but if I should be again I would certainly use Athlophoros, of whose merits I am fully convinced. I have a bottle on hand, but have no use for it at present. I have recommended it to several persons, and have yet to learn of a single instance where it did not accomplish its mission of good work."

Mrs. Kate Warren, of Stockwell, Ind., who says that she has not been able to effect a complete cure in her case because of inability to obtain Athlophoros when she desired to use it, nevertheless gives this testimony to its merits:

"I have used Athlophoros and have been very much benefited by it. I heartily recommend it to all I meet who are suffering from that dreadful disease, rheumatism."

If you cannot get Athlophoros of your druggist, we will send it express paid, on receipt of regular price—one dollar per bottle. We prefer that you buy it from your druggist, but if he does not have it, we will send it to you by express, but order at once from us, as directed, Athlophoros Co., 112 Wall Street, New York.

MODEL-ROOM OF THE PATENT OFFICE.

The model-room of the patent office consists of four immense halls extending north, south, east and west in the second story of the building. The space thus occupied is about 1,200x100 feet wide. Here on all sides are cases arranged tier upon tier, in which are placed on exhibition about 200,000 models varying in size from the finest tack-nail to a locomotive, and in importance from a mouse-trap to a telephone transmitter. It is a veritable museum, excelled in variety only by the Smithsonian Institution, to which were recently removed some of the interesting relics once stored here, including the identical printing press used by Benjamin Franklin; the coat worn by Gen. Jackson at the battle of New Orleans, and a number of revolutionary relics.

The first collection of models, comprising everything received between 1790 and 1836, numbering in all about 4,000, was destroyed by the fire which burned the old postoffice building, then also used for the Patent Office, December 15, 1836. These were never restored. For some years after, until the present building was erected, the office occupied the building known as the city hall—the district court house. The fire of September, 1877, which came so near demolishing the Interior Department building, destroyed 50,000 models, most of which have since been restored from the drawings, at a cost of \$250,000. The repairs to the building which have been going on ever since, and were finished less than a year ago, have cost nearly three times that sum. —Washington Correspondence Globe-Democrat.

The arithmetician Dase, who died in 1867, declared that he could count thirty objects of the same kind as easily as other people could count three or four. The truth of this assertion was often proved when the arithmetician, with lightning rapidity, gave the correct number of a herd of sheep, or the books in a library, or the window-panes in a large house.

There Are a Few Druggists

who care more to make a large profit on a worthless article than to wait for the prospect that ultimately results from honest dealing. These are the men who when asked for a Remedy for Rheumatism will recommend some cheap and trashy substitute or imitation, saying it is "just as good." Sometimes they will do up and sell the miserable imitation without remark, allowing the customer to suppose he has bought the real thing. If the value is returned, Cheap John will say he made a mistake;—if not, he has done a good stroke of business. The public are cautioned against John and all his ilk. Buy of respectable druggists only. The genuine Remedy's package has the "Three Bulls" trade mark and the word "Capoline" cut in the center. 1747

The Daily Sentinel.

OFFICIAL PAPER COUNTY AND CITY.

SATURDAY, MAY 15, 1886.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Congress, 12th District,
HON. ROBERT LOWRY, of Allen.

In the new gold mines in the Amour Valley the laws are very simple, but severe, the penalty of death being inflicted for cheating at play, for adulterating the gold dust, or for theft; while flogging is inflicted for drunkenness during the hours of labor, or for bringing females into the colony. Since the foundation of the colony there have been only three murders and two inflections of the death penalty.

JAY GOULD has developed a talent and taste for photography. On his recent yachting trip he carried a camera and all the rest of the needful apparatus along, and visitors at his downtown office are treated to exhibitions of pictures whose duplicates are not to be found outside of Mr. Gould's possession. They are all of subjects aptly chosen, and the workmanship shown in the print is worthy of a man equipped to earn a living at the business.

A RONDOUT man tells this timely yarn: He says that he bought some green dye, intending to color some eggs for his children for Easter, and laid the packages on a bench in the back yard, and forgot about it. When he thought to get it he discovered that his hens had eaten most of the dye stuff. The next day he found three bright green eggs in the nests; the next day three more a shade or two lighter; the third day the eggs had just the slightest tinge of green; the fourth day they resumed their normal appearance.

The unusual severity of the past winter gave Englishmen an opportunity of indulging in many sports common to colder countries, but rarely enjoyed there. Skating has been general, and during the week that followed the New Year many toboggans and sleighs were seen in and about the vicinity of London; but all these amusements were eclipsed by a man who built an ice-yacht and was able to sail it for two weeks in January on the frozen surface of the Reading reservoir, to the delight of the whole neighborhood.

The spiders of Connecticut were, not long ago, much interested in the advertisement of a Nantucket man who wanted a wife. He received a large number of replies, and among the applicants he found one that suited and they were married recently. One of the letters received was from a man who had a small farm for sale, and who was certain that there were two marriageable females in his vicinity, and that the purchaser of the farm could have his choice. He would sell the farm for \$900 and bind himself to discount \$100 if the purchaser was not successful in obtaining a wife.

Once by one the ancient myth departs. The old notion that wine improves by age it seems is a humbug. One Winkelman, a German chemist, has been experimenting on the subject, and says there is an age at which all wines, including the very best, cease to be wholesome. He ordered some wines of the famous Bremen Rathskeller, Padesheimer Rowe, 1853, and Hochheimer Apostel, 1724, highly recommended for their medicinal value, and found that they were deficient in natural glycerin and contained as much acid as the cheapest new wines in poor seasons, so that they were positively injurious to health.

THERE was an amusing case in a San Francisco court the other day. Cherubini, the well-known Italian singer, was there as a defendant, being charged with making an assault upon one Reinecke, a property man. When the defendant held up his hands to be sworn he exclaimed in an excited manner: "I swear fifteen hundred times," and when his testimony was brought to a conclusion he cried out: "Oh, please, please, let me tell over, ever so much more." Though the assault was proven the excitable basso was let off scot-free, it having appeared in evidence that the plaintiff had become addicted to the reprehensible habit of frying fish beneath the great singer's nose, and this apparently the judge thought justified the assault.

Mr. EDWARD MEYERIDGE is an expert photographer who has achieved wonders in the way of photographing animals in motion, his object being to show how they move, run, jump, fly, etc. He is now at work at the University of Pennsylvania, where he has succeeded in taking 280 negatives in six seconds. In recording the movements of a bird he made fifteen successive negatives during one flap of its wing. On examining them he found that each feather performed an independent movement, like an air sculling. This explains how birds are able to soar through the air without any apparent motion, a thing which has always puzzled ornithologists.

GIRLS IN PROSE.

Genius Blossoms out in Jefferson Township and the Laurel Crown is Uncovered.

In midst of political strife and busy commerce a Jefferson township genius breaks in on us like a July sun, and creates a remoteness between us and the busy world. Joseph Jolly bursts and blooms like a spring poet and the fame of that classic prelude is immortal. "Soft on her lap the laureate son reclines," and the crown that marked Apollo victors is his. His subject is the sweetest and dearest of all, "Girls." There is music in every rhyme and words so hush are melted into consonance, as in the second verse "wit" rhymes with "township," "hustle" and "bustle" ring softly, and "diddle" and "middle" make harmony in verse thirteen. "Mare" and "aware" are forced to blend as readily as "declare" and "hair," and so on runs merrily the song of Joseph Jolly, who dedicates this prose to the "girls."

While I am sitting here alone
Staring at the time,
I'll tell you a story true,
I'll tell it, too, in rhyme.

This poem is about the girls.
Their fashions and their wit,
And how the styles are followed up
Down here in Jefferson township.

They say that straw is coming up,
Which makes the farmers hush,
For if they have one daughter or more
They manufacture it up into bustles.

I'm afraid they soon will tackle hay
And starve the oats and mare,
And when farmers feed sawdust brand
I'll make them cuss and aware.

But then I read the other day,
In the Cincinnati Enquirer,
That they had started a factory now
To make bustles out of wire.

So farmers wear your smiles again,
Don't look so sad, O pshaw;
Next year you'll save your hay,
And maybe all your straw.

There is the little school girl,
Her age not yet fourteen;
She dresses up, she must you know,
Or she wouldn't be fit to be seen.

We meet some dandies on the street,
Bright, shining, sunny day;
We have to step out of our right,
Some twenty feet away.

Those girls, of course, they must have
Room,
With parasols and bustles;
Their trail sweeps dirt just like a broom,
And, my, how they make dust rise.

There is another fashion yet;
It's a new one, I declare;
To see how foolish some girls are,
To take and clip off half their hair.

The girl that started hanging hair,
Did not do it just for pride;
She must of had a chicken-pox mark
She was determined to hide.

But one thing brings another on;
That's what other people say;
So the why and wherefore of it
Wears bustles large and bunns to-day.

The girls now dress the organs play,
And second for the fiddle,
The treadle work with narrow shoes
That has heels about the middle.

They want to make small tracks, of course,
They're up to all such tricks,
So if they have a twelve inch foot,
They make a track about six.

I'll venture this, old maid down here,
Are getting rather plain;
Although they say they are as bright as
When they are five and twenty.

They look upon a business girl,
Let's her not put her foot so soft,
But if God had put their bustles on,
They'd want some one to take it off.

We have heard some mother tell their
From foolish fashions I decline,
Why it takes sixteen yards to make
A dress.

When I was a girl it just took nine,
I'd like to say a little more,
Hold on, I had most forgot,
I've noticed some girls paint themselves.

When the weather was rather hot,
It makes us laugh to see them paint,
It makes us laugh and speak,
To see the sweetest ones running down
In a house that's yellow with dirt.

I'll tell you another truth,
And then I guess I'll stop;
Those styles are followed everywhere,
Not only in Jefferson township.

I don't write this for unbecoming,
But write it just for fun,
For my fault may be twenty,
To the fashionable ladies' one.

To the Girls,
I do not want to give you pain,
But then the truth I will proclaim:
Until this hanging hair is slain,
So right before I sign my name.

JASPER GOLLY.

Conductor Lott Dickson.

"Mr. Lott Dickson, conductor on the Fort Wayne road, was in town yesterday afternoon and made the Democrat a pleasant call. He was conductor on the Fort Wayne train Sunday evening that ran into John Wymer's wagon at Inwood and killed him, his wife and two children. Mr. Dickson says he had just gone through his train after leaving Plymouth and was arranging his tickets when he heard the crash, and looking out saw the body of Wymer in the air. He says the fireman says Wymer drove his team on the track when the train was not over twenty feet from him, and of course it was an impossibility to stop the train until it was too late. The air brakes were put on and the train stopped within about three train lengths. He says the Wymer family almost instantly killed. Mr. Dickson says he never saw a more horrible sight, and hopes he will never see another such. The general opinion about Inwood seems to be that the train men were not to blame, and that the accident was the result of unexplainable carelessness on the part of Wymer," says the Plymouth Democrat.

Watermelon seed should not be planted until the weather has become warm and settled. In this vicinity about the middle of May is soon enough. Do not stint the quantity of seed; place from sixteen to twenty in a hill, and, when the plants come up, remove all but four of the most promising. Watch the young plants as soon as they begin to make their appearance, and if they appear troubled by insects, dust them freely with soot, ashes or tobacco dust when wet with dew.

Wm. Hayes, of the City carriage works, fell through a hatchway yesterday and was hurt.

WILL DO GOOD.

The Knights of Labor Will be a Blessing to Our Country if Properly Managed.

The New York Herald, after much study and investigation of the subject, says it cannot agree with some of its contemporaries who show a disposition to severely criticize the labor organizations, and particularly the greatest of them, the Knights of Labor, because they do not at all times act with superhuman wisdom. Corporations and other employers are not always wise. While those who control a movement as widespread and general as this of the labor organizations ought to guide it carefully and wisely, they should not be summarily and savagely dealt with or denounced if here or there some over-zealous leader makes a blunder. That the millions who work for wages should organize for their general advancement is not only natural, but inevitable. It may be "a bore" to some people; but so is a presidential or congressional election "a bore" to a good many persons. Nevertheless the elections give a healthful and needed stir to the blood of the American people; and so the labor organizations, even though occasionally they may inconvenience the public by a strike, are in the long run wholesome and of good import.

That they will increase in effectiveness year by year we think certain; and, far from lamenting this, we regard it a matter for great congratulation. The more thorough the organization become the more conservative will be the aims of the members, and the less frequent will be hasty and unwise action. For the present they appeal to public attention mainly when they agree on or support a "strike" in some trade. But that will in the end, we believe, be one of the least parts of their work. We should be greatly surprised if a great organization of American workmen, spreading through many states and a hundred employments, should do only this; or, in fact, should not presently set upon the body politic in so much more important ways that they would in the end totally abolish strikes. For a strike is only a very crude, temporary and wasteful way of settling any part of the labor question. It is justified to men of brains only until a better and permanent cure is found for the evils of which it complains.

In a free country man remedy abuses by their votes; and if they reason intelligently they see that abuses grow mainly because of bad laws; and that the remedy lies not in enacting laws, but in repealing injurious laws. Whenever any part of the people suffer a real grievance it will be found that this is a consequence of a law interfering with their liberty of action in some needless way, and that the remedy lies not in more law, but in striking off a law.

What, then, some one may ask, does the Herald expect from a more thorough and widespread organization of the Knights of Labor? Well, these are some things:

First—We confidently expect that the Knights of Labor will everywhere discomfit the dynamite and all other forms of violence. This they now do, but with better organization we believe they will be the first to come forward to put down with a strong hand such crimes against society.

Second—With greater experience we believe the Knights of Labor will set themselves to peaceable and effective ways out of disagreeable or intolerable situations. Already American labor organizations have produced co-operative manufacturers, co-operative stores in small numbers and co-operative building societies. They have not used as they may, and some day will, a resource which they alone of the laboring people of civilized states have at hand—we mean removal to free homesteads when servitude becomes unpleasant to them.

The United States, alone of civilized nations, possess a great area of arable lands, open to the settlement of their people, and an invaluable safety valve to popular discontent. When the Knights of Labor have compacted their great organization, and have had time to think and plan, we believe a "strike" will mean the removal of a body of discontented workmen to free homes on the public lands; an organized migration, whereby they will exchange servitude for independence, and do this with the help of their fellows and as part of a great, well considered plan.

It is because we confidently believe that this will be one of the most important results of what is called the "labor movement" that we have so strenuously urged upon congress, by the repeal of bad laws and the rigid forfeiture of unearned railroad grants, to have to the people's use for years to come a hundred millions of public lands wrongly grabbed by syndicates and corporations. Without these lands the "labor problem" would soon assume a very different phase from that it now presents. We hope the Knights of Labor, who are already exercising a perfectly proper, though not always wise, influence on legislation, will unite to press upon congress the urgent ne-

cessity of this land reform. Every acre of the public lands wrongfully appropriated is a grave loss to the workmen of America.

Finally, we believe that when the Knights of Labor are completely organized before ordering or contemplating a strike they will seek to discover the real causes of the discontent of their members. If the remedy can be found in arbitration they will go to that; if the grievance results from bad laws they will require and by their votes obtain their repeal; if the causes lie in an over-abundant labor supply they will organize migration to free homesteads on a great scale. A strike will be to intelligent laboring men so organized a last resort and a confession of failure, and violence they will animately put down as the worst crime against themselves.

That is what we expect of the future of the Knights of Labor. Will any man say that such results are improbable? Will any one say that such results will not justify and show to be most beneficent these organizations of the mill ions who work for wages?

PLATFORM ECHOES.

A Sketch of John B. Gough's New Book.

Mr. Gough's many friends in Fort Wayne will be glad to read about his new book. It is the crowning life-work of the world-famous John B. Gough. Every one is familiar with the story of his early life, and of his rescue from a drunkard's grave, and how this once wretched and despised man became one of the most famous men of our time and the best known speaker in the world. For seven years he stood amid the horrors of delirium tremens, an object loathed to the bottle; and his condition and wretched appearance were such as to cause people to exclaim: "There's the man who has been in hell." Since that time the good he has accomplished can not be estimated. The rich and poor, the high, the low, the learned and unlearned, have been alike thrilled and moved by his burning words. He has swayed brilliant audiences of royalty and fashion; has spoken in state prisons, jails, poor houses, penitentiaries, reform schools and homes of correction; to the deaf and dumb and blind; to audiences composed wholly of outcasts, and to audiences numbering thousands of children. At his feet more than ten million people have sat and listened in admiration and wonder.

These names—many of them tear bedewed and written with trembling hand—represent stories of happiness and woe, of ruin and remorse, of blighted hopes and wasted lives; of battles fought and victory won. To give some of these thrilling life histories; to depict scenes of joy and sadness; to lift the curtain on life's stage and show its tragedy and comedy, and to draw "living truths" from the lessons thus taught, and bring them home to every heart, is the prime object of this volume.

Many distinguished men and women have long urged Mr. Gough to write this book. They knew that in forty-five years of unceasing work among all classes in Europe and America, he has seen much of the bright and shady sides of life, and that the wealth of material in his possession would make one of the most valuable and thrilling books of the day. Rev. Dr. Lyman Abbott, the eminent editor and divine, has written the story of Mr. Gough's life and career for the book.

It is John B. Gough in print. In it he gives to the world in permanent form his best thoughts on many topics, his most touching tales, his most stirring anecdotes and incidents, his most telling stories of deepest pathos and keenest humor. As a story teller he has never been equalled. The tenderness of his pathos and the spice of his humor are irresistible. But whether he narrates a story of birth or of sorrow, it is always to illustrate great and living truths. Stranger stories are here told than romance ever dreamed of, every one of them drawn from real life by a master hand. In every chapter he weaves in anecdote after anecdote, incident after incident, story after story, and underneath them all lie "living truths" that stand out as beacon lights. He plays upon the reader's feelings as with an enchanter's wand, at one time filling his heart with gladness, at another blinding his eyes with tears. At his bidding, hearts are melted, and stern, strong men, as well as sensitive women, weep tears of compassion, are aroused to indignation or moved to uncontrollable laughter in spite of every effort to control their feelings.

This work is wholly and entirely new. Not one word of it has ever before been published. It contains nothing that appears in Mr. Gough's "Autobiography" (1869), or in his "Sunlight and Shadow" (1880). This is a totally different work and is conceded by critics, and by the entire press, to be the crowning life-work of its illustrious author.

Its illustrations are the best we have ever seen. It contains two hundred and twenty-seven fine engravings by the best artists and engravers in the world. Many of these illustrations are "too funny for anything," while others depict wretchedness and woe. Sixteen of these engravings are full page ones, and are magnificent specimens of art. Two hundred and nine are text illustrations. There are two fine steel plate portraits. One is from a life-size full length painting, showing Mr. Gough as he appeared shortly after his rescue. The other is from a photograph just taken. All in all, it is one of the finest and most elaborately illustrated volumes ever produced by the American press.

We advise our readers to buy Platform Echoes at the first opportunity. They can, in our opinion, much better afford to dispense with a dozen other books that not possess this. Once begun, it will not willingly be laid aside till the last page is finished.

"Our sales of Athlophoros exceed those of any other proprietary remedy put forward as a specific for rheumatism, with universally satisfactory results," writes Kuehne & Meissner, prominent druggists of Laporte, Ind., who handle the remedy.

THE GREAT AGITATOR.

Sketch of the Rascal who has Caused so Much Trouble in this Country. Driven out Every Country but America.

"Whose portrait is that?" a lady asked when shown the photograph from which the accompanying portrait was engraved. "That is Herr Most, the Anarchist." "Well, he looks it," was her laconic comment, and most readers will agree with her. Herr Most has a round face and body that would indicate he was not lacking any of the good things of



JOHANN MOST.

this world. Meeting him with his hat on one would take him to be a well-to-do saloon proprietor. But with his hat removed and his hair closely cropped his physiognomy is one on which no mistake can be made. The characteristics are too strongly defined. The great, heavy jaws, heavy eyes and overhanging eyebrows, the receding forehead, the abnormal development of the posterior portion of his cranium, all indicate a head admirably adapted for the mission he has in life. What the mouth and chin would show cannot be told, but it is presumed his luxuriant beard covers equally strong characteristics necessary to the man. It does seem cruel to call attention to the abnormal phenological points of this monster, and yet it is the most charitable thing one can do. His training from childhood has developed the brutal and animal passions to the sacrifice of the inherent humane nature, so that it has melted his brain, until it shows the brutal nature within.

Herr Most is what he is because he cannot now be otherwise, though it is unfortunate that men will follow such a leader. He gained his notoriety in Europe some dozen years ago through his connection with a Socialist organization in Russia, from which nihilism was developed. He was forced to flee from Russia and lived for a time in Germany and Austria, where he quickly advanced his doctrines and gathered some followers. The outcome of their plotting being, it is claimed, the assassination of the late czar. Germany and Austria becoming too hot for Most and his companions they wandered. Their leader next appeared in London, where he was finally imprisoned. On his release he came to this country, as being the last one among the civilized nations that would harbor him. Here he has published his doctrines in a paper called Die Freiheit, growing gradually bolder and bolder until the police and grand jury and became convinced that his methods had become unlawful and ordered him to be locked up, but he could not be found.

Herr Most's last appearance in public was before his "Workingmen's Rifle club," a society of Anarchists in New York. Twenty kegs of beer were drunk by his auditors to give them courage. Here he made a speech, rifle in hand. He advised his hearers to arm themselves against the interference of the police and brought his rifle to his shoulder occasionally to illustrate his intentions. Two detectives were in the audience whose evidence will be sufficient to convict Most when caught. Two lieutenants of Most's, who were arrested, became so terrified when they found they were within the law's grasp, that they were willing to promise to renounce Socialism forever if they would be allowed their freedom. This is one of the peculiarities of the Socialist leaders that they are personally ardent cowards. August Spies, the leader of the Chicago Anarchists, is an ardent pupil of Most's in the shedding of blood and yet the sight of blood makes him deathly sick.

Pure blood is absolutely necessary in order to enjoy perfect health. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and strengthens the system.

"Editor Keator, of the Fort Wayne Gazette, wants the congressional nomination again. If he keeps on with his Gazette as he has in abusing Judge Lowry, the latter's majority will reach 10,000 in the district," says the Columbia City Post.

In the Dear Old Days.

We differ in creed and politics, but we are a unit all the same on the hesitableness of a fine head of hair. If you mourn the loss of this blessing and ornament, a bottle or two of Parker's Hair Balm will make you look as you did in the dear old days. It is worth trying. It is the only standard 50c article for the hair.

Since George Ford has declined to be a candidate for congressman in the Thirtieth district, what's the matter with John B. Stoll that he is not urged for the place?

SCOTT'S EMULSION OF PURE

Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphates. Is more reliable as an agent in the cure of consumption, chronic coughs and emaciation, than any remedy known to medical science. It is so prepared that the potency of these two most valuable specifics is largely increased. It is also very palatable.

The 20th Indiana regiment will hold a reunion at Luganport, the 1st and 2d.

I think Ely's Cream Balm is the best remedy for catarrh I ever saw. I never took anything that relieved me so quickly and I have not felt so well for a long time. I used to be troubled with severe headaches two or three times a week, but since using the balm have only had one and that was very light compared with the former ones.—A. J. Alcorn, agent U. P. Ry Co., Eaton, Co.

I find Ely's Cream Balm good for catarrh of long standing.—M. N. Lawley, 1834 West Chestnut St., Louisville.

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Offers a professional experience of over
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You can get them of us in large variety,

CHOICE STYLES, GOOD QUALITIES

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At much lower prices than you can buy elsewhere.

Good Carpets at 50c.

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Now is the time to put down a nice, clean, cool matting in your bed room.

Our Patterns Pretty.

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Pyke's Grocery,
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Virginia Jams, finest in the market.
Plum Puddings with Sauce.
Boneless Chicken Canned.
Potted Chicken and Turkey.
Salmon Spiced.
Baked Sweet Potatoes Canned.
Figs Preserved.
Pine Apple Shredded, something new.
Gotha Truffle Sausage.
Chopped Beef in Cans.
White Port Wine, strictly pure.
G. H. Mumms Extra Dry Champagne.
Virginia Jellies, warranted pure.
Aug. 16-17

Gasoline.

Vandermark sells the odorless and non-explosive IXL Gasoline. Orders will be promptly attended to by Telephoning No. 126. apr23-1m

Store your stoves with Baals & Co., No. 59 East Main street. 14-2t

The Old Reliable Sportsmen's Headquarters of Max O. Laid, announce the arrival of a fine new and varied stock of fishing tackle, poles, minnow buckets, and in fact all the paraphernalia for a fishing trip. Go and see his stock before you make your purchases. 2t

SAY,

Do you want any

SIGNS?

If so, call on

W. S. HARRISON,

Not the only Practical, but one of the BEST SIGN PAINTERS in the city. Designs of any kind or work furnished on application. Prices far below any competitor. No. 27 Clinton street.

SIGNS!

See their list.

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DOUBLE STORE.

TEAS, COFFEES, CANNED FRUITS, CANNED VEGETABLES, CANNED FISH, DRIED FRUITS, CONNECTICUT MAPLE SYRUP, ORANGES, LEMON & BANANAS, FRESH VEGETABLES, RECEIVED DAILY, A Full Line of Extracts, Perfumery and Toilet Soap, Wood and Willow Ware. 124 Broadway. April 9-17

Agent for Troy Laundry.

The People's Four mill has turned out the following grist since May 1: Daniel Stoneifer. Fred Barhorn, 200 East Washington street. S. Miller, 20 Hood street. Payton Smith. Mrs. Sarah Fleming, paper mills, second prize. W. B. Daniels, Mayville, Ind. Were each presented with a half-barrel of flour by Sam, Pete & Max. See their immense stock and low prices. The People's Watch factory has turned out the following grist since May 1st: John Polson, Wayne township. Ed Rosenberger, 134 Wallace street. Captain J. H. Rohan, South Wayne. Barney Mittendorf, 276 East Wayne street. Fred Prange, Adams station. Pat Ambrose, Lake township. John Reed, 12 Sturgis street. Were each presented with a reliable first-class silver watch by Sam, Pete & Max, who are showing the only spring stock at way down prices.

The Daily Sentinel

SATURDAY, MAY 15, 1896.

THE CITY.

Supt. W. W. Worthington and Mr. M. M. Whitman were at Indianapolis yesterday.

Henry Meyer, representing Wing & Malmsen, the architects, was at Delphos, Ohio, this week.

The metropolitan papers make favorable comments on the re-nomination of Hon. Robert Lowry.

John Powers, of this city, was at Decatur last week and W. H. Hankman wanted him to go to church.

The 10th of May is usually termed the danger line to fruit. It is now past the 10th, and the fruit has sustained no injury yet.

The clothing men have nearly all agreed to close their stores at 6 o'clock. If the agreement is signed by all dealers it will stick.

To those wishing to attend the musical festival at Cincinnati, Ohio, the G. R. & I. R. R. company will sell excursion tickets.

Justice Ryan yesterday afternoon fined William Rader \$3 and costs for assault and battery on Christian Schaff. Rader went to jail.

The graduating exercises of the Westminster Young Ladies' seminary will be held at the First Presbyterian church the first week in June.

About twenty-five active young republicans held an informal meeting last night and endorsed Hon. T. P. Keator as their choice for congress.

The State Association of undertakers will meet at the Denison house, Indianapolis, May 19 and 20. Mr. Jim Peltier will represent Fort Wayne.

Charles Frost was fined \$5 and costs by Mayor Muhler for taking a cow away from the pound master. Mr. Frost paid a total of \$14 for his sport with Mr. Muench.

Hon. O. P. Morgan and wife leave for the east to-morrow night to be absent a month. Mr. Morgan is one of the best business men in the west and every inch a gentleman.

The plenary council at Baltimore among other things declared that no Catholic could sell liquor on Sunday. This has been approved by the nation and will be enforced.

Mr. Marsh Wines returned last night to Washington, D. C. Mr. Wines renewed his old acquaintances and made many new ones. He is a thorough gentleman and devoted friend.

"Frank Falzer, ex-marshal of Fort Wayne, and agent of the Christian Paper's tobacco works, of St. Louis, was in our city Wednesday, shaking hands with his many friends," says the Decatur Democrat.

Reid Northrop, president of the American Refrigerator Transit company, was in the city yesterday on official business. He reports the business of the company, which operates over the Wabash system, to have increased 140 per cent.

Miss Flora E. Spencer and Mr. Wm. L. Gardner, of Rapid City, Dakota, were married at Decatur Sunday morning. The ceremony was performed by Rev. T. Stahler, in the presence of the immediate relatives and guests from Fort Wayne and Burlington, Iowa.

"Miss Minnie Adams, Thomas Davis and sister, all of Fort Wayne, attended the commencement exercises Friday evening at this place and remained here over Sunday. While here they were the guests of Miss Vio Stone, one of the graduates. They were a lively trio and while here made many friends as well as acquaintances," says the Decatur Democrat.

Dr. Will Knapp left to-day for Rome City to join his family.

Andrews Goeglein and Christina Hene have been licensed to wed.

Mr. L. V. Poole left for Boston, via the Wabash, this morning.

Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Williams returned to New York City last night.

John McDonald, a drunkard, was sent to jail by the mayor for a spree.

Peter Harber, of the Pittsburg shops, is the happy father of a boy baby.

Ellen O'Hern was sent to the St. Joe hospital by Trustee Hillebrand yesterday.

Mr. Will Douglass and family have returned home from Elkhart and Boston.

Conductor E. A. Sims, of the Grand Rapids and Indiana railroad, has resigned.

Col. J. I. White, secretary of the great Bass Foundry and Machine works, is in the city.

Next Monday evening occurs the regular meeting of the city Young Men's Christian association.

George F. Shuff will return to Las Vegas, New Mexico, next week. George denies that he is married.

Mrs. Welch, mother of Hugh Welch, was ordered by the mayor to pay her rent or vacate her home.

Dayton Alderman sues George Kronmiller on a note and contract. Morris & Barrett filed the complaint.

Supt. P. S. O'Rourke and a party of officials went over the Richmond road on an inspection tour yesterday.

Right Rev. Bishop Rademacher will lay the granite corner stone of St. Paul's new Catholic church to-morrow afternoon.

Mayor Muhler reprimanded the cement sidewalk man for neglecting to remove obstructions from the corner of Calhoun and Berry streets.

"Mrs. Frank Falzer and Miss Fanny Julliard, of Fort Wayne, were the guests of Delphos friends a few days last week," says the Delphos Herald.

The Russell & Morgan printing company has filed suit against M. N. Jacobs and Louis Heilbunner for \$305. W. P. Breen is counsel for the claimants.

Deputy Sheriff Clausmeyer and Schroeder raided the tramps yesterday and bagged seven of the gentry, who have been running things with a high hand in the west end of the city.

T. J. Nixon, the oldest conductor on the Grand Rapids and Indiana railroad, has left to attend the annual meeting of the Passenger Conductors' Insurance company of the United States.

Mr. Victor Kohler, of Kansas City, is here, and next Thursday he will wed Miss Vina More, of Washington township. Miss More is the accomplished daughter of Mr. Lucas More, a wealthy and successful farmer.

Albert C. F. Weichman sues William Moellering for libel, demanding \$10,000. Colerick & Oppenheim and T. E. Fillson are attorneys for Mr. Weichman. This suit grows out of an alleged letter sent to Kendallville by Mr. Moellering, charging Weichman with being a defaulter.

Christina Schuennacher sues her husband, Adam Schuennacher, for a divorce, \$500 alimony and the custody of a child. He is restrained from visiting Mrs. Schuennacher. Adam is abusive and is a boiler maker and hunter by trade. He is a well known character about town.

The suit brought against A. C. Krueger against F. H. Kanning is not the F. H. Kanning of the Canning iron works. The case, however, will never come before the courts, as it has been settled in full. The defendant had no knowledge of the action brought against him and when notified promptly paid the claim.

The oldest engineers on the Fort Wayne roads claim that Tuesday and Wednesday and last nights were the most dangerous times for running trains that they ever experienced. They were blinded by the lightning and were liable at any moment to fall into a washout culvert or strike a tree blown across the track.

Mr. M. N. Webber has filed a suit of contest against George Ely, councilman from the Fourth ward. This is in addition to a petition for a recount of the ballots, which is set for next Monday. The contested election case will be heard by Judge O'Rourke, June 1. W. G. and P. B. Colerick and Colerick & Oppenheim are attorneys for Mr. Webber.

The general association of Congregational churches of Indiana commenced its twenty-eighth annual meeting at Elkhart Wednesday evening with an address by Rev. M. A. Hyde, of Indianapolis. Devotional exercises were led Thursday morning by Rev. E. A. Hazeltine, of Fort Wayne, after which a permanent organization was effected by the election of Rev. M. A. Hyde as moderator, and W. B. Knight, of Fort Wayne, as scribe. The calling of the roll showed a very fair attendance, Fort Wayne being especially well represented. Rev. E. A. Hazeltine and wife, Mr. John Gilbert and wife, Deacon B. H. Kimball, Dr. W. B. Knapp, William V. Douglas and wife and Mrs. W. B. Douglas answering to their names. The session was of great interest.

The rivers here are rising rapidly and the water is ugly.

The natural gas excitement is on the increase in Indiana.

Mr. Marshal Bond, of Cleveland, is the guest of his parents.

Hon Robert Lowry will return to Washington to-morrow night.

Dan McLain, of East Washington street, won a barrel of flour at the Academy last night.

Sheriff Nelson brought Mrs. Fitch, of Maples, from the state insane asylum to-day. The lady is cured.

Last performance of Prof. Dietkes at the Academy. Some one will secure another barrel of flour for twenty cents.

The weather indications for Indiana are local rains, followed by fair weather; nearly stationary temperature and northerly winds.

The Knowles Company at the Academy all next week. Their new piece, "Odds and Ends" is spoken of as being unusually funny.

Dr. J. M. Dimmen was summoned from his bed last night to attend to people injured by the storm on the line of the Nickel Plate road.

Rt. Rev. Bishop Dwenger left to-day for Lagro, where to-morrow forenoon he administers confirmation. In the afternoon he will officiate at Wabash and will immediately thereafter return to Fort Wayne.

The young people of the Third Presbyterian church, to the number of 125, met with their pastor in the church parlor last evening. It was a most enjoyable occasion. In the course of the evening the young people presented their pastor with a handsome easy chair.

THE WAY TO CHURCH.

Remember the Sabbath Day and Keep it Holy.

Master Freddie Maguire will sing a solo at Trinity church to-morrow morning.

Dr. Yocum will preach at the Simpson M. E. church to-morrow at 10:30 a. m. All are invited.

The pastor and congregation of the Baptist church welcome all readers of the SENTINEL to services to-morrow at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Trinity church, Rev. W. N. Webber, pastor. Beginning with to-morrow Sunday school will meet at 9:30 a. m. Services at 10:45 a. m. and 7:45 p. m.

Dr. A. Funkhouser, president of the Union Biblical Seminary, Dayton, O., will preach at the U. B. church on East Lewis street to-morrow morning and evening. Everybody is invited to these services.

Services to-morrow at the Third Presbyterian church, David Kennedy, pastor, at 10:30 a. m. Subject, "Saving Faith." 2 p. m., bible school. Evening service, 7:45, "Confessing Christ." All are cordially invited.

Speaking of Trinity Episcopal church, Fort Wayne, the Living Church, published at Chicago, says: "The parish is in an exceedingly prosperous condition and has one of the finest church properties in the diocese."

Regular service in the First Presbyterian church to-morrow morning at 10:45 and 7:30 in the evening. Sabbath school at 9:30 in the morning instead of 2:30 in the afternoon. All are cordially invited to all these services.

Second Presbyterian church, West Berry street. Services at 10:30 and 7:45. Morning subject, "Christian Giving." Evening, "Trouble at the Remembrance of God." Sunday school at 2. You are welcome to all these services.

The gospel service at the R. R. Y. M. C. A. on Sunday, at 3:30, standard time, will take the form of a promise meeting. Gospel Hymns will be used and short talks given. Railroad and factory men especially invited to attend.

Sabbath morning and evening J. H. Good, D. D., will preach at Grace Reformed church, East Washington street. The pastor is president of the Theological Seminary at Tiffin Ohio, and was the preceptor of the pastor of Grace church. His evening subject will be the "Rights of Property." Come and hear him.

A welcome invitation is extended to all to attend the services, both morning and evening, at Wayne Street M. E. church to-morrow. Sunday school, at 2 m., is thrown open to all comers. Extensive arrangements are being made for a grand egg-breaking concert, to be given Thursday evening, June 10th.

Public services at the Berry Street M. E. church, corner West Berry and Harrison streets, to-morrow at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., by the pastor, Rev. D. C. Wolpert. Subject for morning discourse, "A Colossus or a Pigmy." Evening, "The Mighty Wizard."

Four clerks waited this evening at Kyle & Reid's new hat store, No. 80 Calhoun street.

Dr. Hartman, dentist, 27 Calhoun street, east side, between Main and Columbia.

Bargain Jersey Sale at the Bee Hive.

Dr. Hartman, dentist, 27 Calhoun street.

When Do You Want to Vote?

If any of our people desire the polls to open at 6 o'clock on the day of the state and county election in November in any precinct of the county they must petition the board of commissioners at the June term of court. Upon the petition of twelve freeholders it must be granted. If any changes in a precinct are desired they must also be made in the same way and at the same time. No particular form is necessary in the petition only so that the board may understand what is desired.

The Jacobs Shoe Store has the best Seamless 32 Men's Button and Congress Shoe in the city. 14-2t

Standard granulated sugar 7c per pound. Standard confectioners A 6c per pound.

White extra C 6c per pound. YANKEE GROCERY.

There will be an entertainment at the Tivoli garden to-morrow afternoon, to which all are invited. Conveyances will be run from and to the grounds at short intervals.

Geraniums, 40c a dozen, at the City Green House. 23-ft

Notice of Election.

Notice is hereby given that the officers of the St. Joseph Catholic Benevolent association will be elected May 23, 1896, at 8 p. m. 15-22-29

DAN'L KLOTZ, Sec.

Strawberries reduced 8c. Best quality 12c a quart. Pine Apples 25 cents each. FRUIT HOUSE.

Best butter, 12c a pound. Cooking butter, 5c a pound. Eggs, 9c a dozen. YANKEE GROCERY.

Store your stoves with C. A. Pickard & Co., 29 East Columbia street. 4-11t

Iron steel barbed wire. Guaranteed. So a foot. Best steel at Seavey's. 4-11t

The finest and cheapest at the City Green House. april23ft

Heavy Failure. Thirty-five thousand dollars worth of clothing must be sold to satisfy the creditors. Sale Thursday, May 20, at 3 o'clock p. m., in room 3, Keystone block. 12-ft

Geraniums, 40c a doz., at the City Green House. april23ft

Call and examine the elegant line of gasoline stoves displayed by C. A. Pickard & Co., 29 East Columbia street. 4-11t

Pantries 35c a dozen at the City Green House. 23-ft

Butter reduced 5c. New Grass Butter 12c. Good Butter 8c. Fresh Eggs per dozen 9c. FRUIT HOUSE.

Pantries 25c a dozen at the City Green House. 23-ft

Strike at Ward's Cheap Crockery Store.

Best Iron Stone China dinner plates, 70c per dozen. Best Iron Stone China tea plates, 60c per dozen.

Best Iron Stone China cups and saucers, 70c per dozen. Best Iron Stone China bowl and pitchers, 75c each.

Best Iron Stone China covered chamber, 60c each. Good Lamp Chimneys, 3c each. Decorated Chamber Sets, \$2.

Harpicins in Glassware at half price. 4-11t

Notice.

The Board of Equalization of Allen county will meet at the room of the county commissioners at the court house in the city of Fort Wayne, on Monday, June 7th, 1896, for the purpose of equalizing the assessments of real and personal property of the different townships as returned by the assessors for the year 1895, and hearing all complaints in relation thereto. A. L. GILBERT, Auditor Allen County, w19a26 d15,22,25to29

The Time, To-Day. The Place, The Hoosier Shoe Store!

Formerly W. H. Flemings,

Calhoun Street, Opposite Court House.

CHEAPEST PLACE

in the State to Buy

BOOTS and SHOES.

Lowest Prices in Men's Shoes from the Cheapest to the Best.

IT IS A FACT

that we offer Nice, Neat and serviceable Dress Shoes in Button or Congress and in the Latest Styles, at the small sum of \$2 and \$2.50. We sell Men's Solid, Warranted working shoes at \$1.25 to \$1.75. We surprise our trade and Paralyze our Competition with our low Prices in Boys, Youths, and Children's goods.

IT IS AN ADMITTED FACT

that we lead the trade with our lines of Fine Hand Sewed Shoes for both Gentlemen and Ladies, and display the Finest Makes in the market.

A Special Feature this week, is our MARKED DOWN SALE OF MEN'S LOW CUT SHOES. We have Knifed them deep and offer them at Reductions of 25 to 50 per cent. from regular prices. Hand Sewed and Machine Sewed of the best makes. Here are Nobby Summer Shoes at Decided Bargains.

We Offer a Regular Picnic in Prices of Walking Shoes and Slippers

in such a variety of Styles that all are pleased, and lookers always become purchasers.

REMEMBER,

it does not require big money to buy Good, Honest shoes. Our prices are down to meet the demands for serviceable goods at Moderate Figures. We have made a Special Effort to meet this demand and our goods are proof of our success.

We are up with the Best in Style, Quality and Make of our goods, and right down below all Competition in prices.

THE HOOSIER SHOE STORE,

H. K. Parry, Proprietor.